Borough of Neptune City
Governing Body Special Meeting Minutes
Tuesday, March 10, 2026 at 6:00 pm

1. CALL TO ORDER
Mayor McGreevey called the meeting to order at **6:01** pm

2. OPEN PUBLIC MEETINGS ACT STATEMENT
Mayor McGreevey stated: "This Special Meeting was called pursuant to the provisions of the Open Public Meetings Law. Notices of this meeting were sent via e-mail to the Coaster, the Asbury Park Press on Wednesday, February 25, 2026; and published in the Asbury Park Press on February 28; and The Coaster on March 5. In addition, copies of notices were posted on the Borough website and social media and filed in the office of the Municipal Clerk on aforementioned date. Notices have remained continuously posted. Proper notice having been given, the Municipal Clerk is directed to include this statement in the minutes of this meeting. Minutes of this meeting should also reflect the purpose for which the meeting was called. The purpose of the meeting was to rescheduled the regular meeting from March 9. The Special Meeting Agenda (to the extent known) will include all Borough Business including: Closed session; Receipt of Minutes; Receipt of Communications; Presentations; Mayor's and Council Reports; Public Comments on Agenda and Non-Agenda Items; Ordinance Adoptions, Ordinance Introductions; and Consent Resolutions".

Mayor McGreevy thanked all for attending and noted the meeting was rescheduled due to the snowstorm which caused everything following to be rescheduled.

3. ROLL CALL
PRESENT: Mayor Rachel McGreevy; Council President Glen Kocsis
Councilmember Corlies Chong; Councilmember Robert Johnson; Councilmember Kimberly Karalovich; Councilmember Pamela Renee; Councilmember Aaron Williams
ALSO PRESENT: Attorney McGuinn, Consultant Bascom, Planner Beahm

4. FLAG SALUTE
Mayor McGreevy invited all to stand for the flag salute.

Mayor McGreevy recognized the collaborative art work form Wilson School for Black History month adorning the walls of the Council meeting room.

5. CLOSED SESSION – None

6. RECEIPT OF MINUTES
A. Special Meeting & Closed Session - 02/27/2026

Motion to receive the minutes by C/**Kocsis**; seconded by C/**Chong**
VOICE VOTE: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Karalovich; C/Johnson; C/Renee; C/Williams

7. RECEIPT OF COMMUNICATIONS
A. **Ansell Grimm Aaron** - Notice of Land Use Board Hearing for Block 116, Lot 9
B. **TNSA -** 2026 Rate Hearing, 03.18.26
C. **Borough of Neptune City** - Notice of Ordinance Introduction, Public Hearing 03.10

Motion to receive the communications items A-C by C/**Renee**; seconded by C/**Williams**

VOICE VOTE: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Karalovich; C/Johnson; C/Renee; C/Williams

8. PRESENTATIONS

A. Department of Public Works Directors Report – Director Harker

Director Harker shared a reminder that brush pick up has begun for 2026; brush of manageable size loose on the curb would be best. The rabies clinic is at DPW on March 16. Recycling has to be loose in cans; they cannot be in plastic bags.

9. MAYOR'S REPORT - Mayor Rachel McGreevy

Mayor McGreevy shared upcoming events including Mayor's 3rd Annual St. Patrick's Day celebration on March 20. All are welcome with funds being raised for the Bradely Food Pantry. There will be Women's History month at the end of the month, Autism Awareness in April and planning has begun for the Food Truck Festival on September 19. Mayor McGreevy thanked the Borough employees for all their hard work. Mayor McGreevy shared there are two ordinances for potential adoption which the Council has been working for over the past two years, concerning the State required affordable housing obligations. Mayor McGreevy explained the Borough's obligation under the State's requirements, and that the ordinances are consistent under the master plan. Mayor McGreevy further detailed the obligation number requirements, the Borough's room to build, and the steps taken during the process. Mayor McGreevy noted if the Borough failed to meet their obligation, they would then be open to lawsuits with no zoning control. Any building project would still need to be approved by the Land Use Board; and the ordinances do not pertain to a specific project. The overlay zone provides a reasonable opportunity in the future, but the property owners are not required to build under the mixed use. Mayor McGreevy reviewed definitions that are in the ordinance.

10. COUNCIL REPORTS

COUNCIL PRESIDENT GLEN KOCSIS - ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE

C/Kocsis will have a committee meeting on Thursday to discuss parking issues with the Police Department to review parking congestion in certain areas.

COUNCILMEMBER PAMELA RENEE - COMMUNITY RELATIONS

C/Renee reported the volunteer Community Relations team have been meeting about events. The library will be hosting a Book Sale on March 21 and March 22. The Women's History event is on March 29 beginning at noon at the Fire House.

COUNCILMEMBER KIMBERLY KARALOVICH - SPECIAL SERVICES

C/Karalovich thanked Mayor McGreevy for clarifying. The historical society met and is planning for participation in America 250. C/Karalovich noted the members of the Historical Committee have so much knowledge and are very devoted. The Board of Education had a vote on a bond referendum today. C/Karalovich commented on resolution 58 to allocate funds for the Veterans Committee. Mayor McGreevy congratulated C/Karalovich on the hard work to get the Veteran's Trust fund established.

COUNCILMEMBER CORLIES CHONG - ADMINISTRATION AND FINANCE

C/Chong attended budget and finance seminar led by the League of Municipalities. The Finance Committee will meet tomorrow to discuss the 2026 proposed budgets. Mayor McGreevy discussed the budget process to address current needs while planning for the future. There will be a budget workshop on Monday, March 16 at 6:00pm, encouraging residents to attend.

COUNCILMEMBER ROBERT JOHNSON - EMERGENCY SERVICES

C/Johnson announced United Fire Company 1 is hosting the Neptune City Easter Egg Hunt at 9am on March 21 at Memorial Park with a rain date of the 22nd. C/Johnson will be meeting with the Fire Chief before the next meeting.

COUNCILMEMBER AARON WILLIAMS - BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

C/Williams reported the Board of Rec is meeting tonight to discuss the All-Star basketball tournament on March 20, all are invited to attend. The Buildings and Grounds Committee is meeting for a Town Hall on March 26 from 6-7:30 to discuss

Adams Field. Mayor McGreevy elaborated on the project, thanking Monmouth County and State for providing grant funding.

11. PUBLIC COMMENTS ON AGENDA ITEMS

Mayor McGreevy turned the floor to Planner Jennifer Beahm. Planner Beahm gave an overview of the history of the Department of Community Affairs issuance of obligation requirements and the Borough's actions to meet the requirements. Planner Beahm detailed the vacant land assessment; the adjustment made from 32 new units required to 0. That number then moves to unmet need whereby the prior number of 223 must be met. Planner Beahm then gave an overview of each ordinance before the Governing Body, which included the mandatory set aside ordinance which means ***if***[1] a project gets approved that is 5 or more units, 20% of those units have to be affordable. There is also a section concerning affirmative marketing; Planner Beahm then development fee portion of the ordinance which creates an affordable housing trust fund. Planner Beahm then explained the overlay ordinance whereby no one has to do anything, operations can continue as they are, but adds another layer of opportunity and if a builder wants to develop must set aside 20% of the units. Planner Beahm shared the overlay was trying to be kept in commercial properties. Once the ordinances are adopted, they will be uploaded to e-courts which must be done by March 15. If the Borough does not meet the deadline the Borough will lose immunity and all control of zoning. Planner Beahm elaborated more on losing control on zoning and the attempt to be compliant to maintain immunity. Mayor McGreevy noted it would be expensive for the Borough to be sued and thanked the Governing Body for doing what is right for Neptune City while meeting State laws. Planner Beahm responded that the ordinances are consistent with the Master Plan through the Housing Element. Mayor McGreevy noted the matter went before the Land Use Board who deemed the ordinances consistent.

Mayor McGreevy opened the discussion to Council.

C/Renee asked for an explanation of builder's remedy; Planner Beahm responded, noting the Borough would not have control of the situation and that the Court would not be sympathetic to a municipality who does not comply. It was confirmed that if approved the ordinances would protect the Borough until 2035.

C/Kocsis asked if residential properties would be impacted; it was confirmed the ordinances do not have to with residential. Planner Beahm then explained rehabilitation projects which are paid for through the trust fund for income eligible properties. Planner Beahm reiterated the trust fund money is developer money, not tax payer money.

The meeting was open to the public or comments on agenda items.

Ms. Patricia Schanamako asked what is the proposal to be able to address any additional flooding concerns. Planner Beahm explained any development would have to comply with the current storm water management requirements, and the redevelopment of the area would be required to meet the new storm water management and meet all land use requirements. Details on noticing and public hearing and resolution compliance were discussed; all normal land use requirements must be met. Discussion continued on the Borough's compliance with state regulations and the developer meeting Borough regulations.

Mr. Robert Kosaine thanked Planner Beahm for a thorough presentation.

Mr. Jeff Miller asked if 5th and Memorial were considered; Planner Beahm noted the area predated.

Ms. Sharon McSwieney asked for clarification on the master plan and round three vs round four.

Ms. Leann Bridge noted she understands the ordinance will be passed and asked if there would be an opportunity after to make adjustments; Planner Beahm noted this round has been lighting speed and negations were made but it is anticipated towns will have to make tweaks, but there won't be major changes because these ordinances have been vetted by Fair Share. Discussion continued on the new ordinances' vs the current Borough code and traffic concerns. Ms.

[1] Planner Beahm emphasized the word if in her sentence.

Bridge noted that she had very specific questions; Planner Beahm offered her contact information to go through all her questions. Discussion continued on the opportunity to meet the State mandated unmet need while not negating the current land use laws.

Mayor McGeevy noted there is a redevelopment committee for the Borough who will review everything and communicate back to the public in regards to any development or redevelopment. Discussion continued on how information would be communicated.

C/Renee noted there is also an Environmental Commission who will offer an extra layer of protection.

There were no further comments from the public.

12. UNFINISHED BUSINESS

A. Ordinance Introduction (rc)

1) **Ordinance 2026-04:** An Ordinance to Exceed 2026 Budget CAP Appropriation Limits and to Establish a CAP Bank ***(Public Hearing / Adoption)***
2) **Ordinance 2026-05**: Bond Ordinance Providing for 2025 Roadway Improvements, Appropriating $300,000 and Authorizing the Issuance of $125,580 Bonds or Notes of the Borough for Financing Part of the Cost Thereof ***(Public Hearing / Adoption)***
3) **Ordinance 2026-06**: Bond Ordinance Providing for 2026 Roadway Improvements, Appropriating $450,000 and Authorizing the Issuance of $134,672 Bonds or Notes of the Borough for Financing Part of the Cost Thereof ***(Public Hearing / Adoption)***
4) **Ordinance 2026-07:** Ordinance Amending and Supplementing Chapter 139: "Zoning" of the Borough's Revised General Ordinances to Create a New Mixed-Use Overlay Zone ***(Public Hearing / Adoption)***
5) **Ordinance 2026-08:** Ordinance Augmenting Chapter 15: "Land Use Procedures" of the Borough's Revised General Ordinances to create New Article V, "Affordable Housing Regulations" Implementing the Fourth Round Housing Plan Element and Fair Share Plan ***(Public Hearing / Adoption)***

Mayor McGreevy gave an overview of the CAP Bank Ordinance. C/Chong provided more detail on caps associated with the budget and the advantage of the budget cap which is being considered to bank surplus from this year into future years. C/Chong further noted the finance committee feels comfortable moving on Ordinance 2026-04.

Mayor McGreevy read the ordinance into the record by title **- Ordinance 2026-04: An Ordinance to Exceed 2026 Budget CAP Appropriation Limits and to Establish a CAP Bank**

Motion to open the meeting to the public on Ordinance 2026-04 by **C/Karalovich;** seconded by **C/Chong**
VOICE VOTE: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich; C/Renee; C/Williams

Ms. Kelly Strazdas asked if that means the money is in the bank account. Manager Consultant Bascom explained it is not cash in the bank, it is flexibility in the budget to adjust budget appropriations.

Motion to close the meeting to the public on Ordinance 2026-04 by **C/Karalovich;** seconded by **C/Williams**
VOICE VOTE: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich; C/Renee; C/Williams

C/Karalovich noted the Finance committee really delved into the ordinance which makes a lot of sense. C/Karalovich feels good about passing the ordinance.

Motion to adopt Ordinance 2026-04 by **C/Chong;** seconded by **C/Kocsis**
ROLL CALL: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich; C/Renee; C/Williams

ORDINANCE NO. 2026-04

BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY, COUNTY OF MONMOUTH

AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY MONMOUTH COUNTY, STATE OF NEW JERSEY, TO EXCEED THE 2026 MUNICIPAL BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS LIMITS AND TO ESTABLISH A CAP BANK (N.J.S.A. 40A: 4-45.14)

WHEREAS, the Local Government Cap Law, N.J.S. 40A: 4-45.1 et seq., provides that in the preparation of its annual budget, a municipality shall limit any increase in said budget to 2% unless authorized by ordinance to increase it to 3.5% over the previous year's final appropriations, subject to certain exceptions; and,

WHEREAS, N.J.S.A. 40A: 4-45.15a provides that a municipality may, when authorized by ordinance, appropriate the difference between the amount of its actual final appropriation and the 3.5% percentage rate as an exception to its final appropriations in either of the next two succeeding years; and,

WHEREAS, the Borough Council of the Borough of Neptune City in the County of Monmouth finds it advisable and necessary to increase its 2026 budget by up to 3.5% over the previous year's final appropriations, in the interest of promoting the health, safety and welfare of the citizens; and,

WHEREAS, the Borough Council hereby determines that a 3.5% increase in the budget for said year, amounting to $118,267.37 in excess of the increase in final appropriations otherwise permitted by the Local Government Cap Law, is advisable and necessary; and,

WHEREAS, the Borough Council hereby determines that any amount authorized hereinabove that is not appropriated as part of the final budget shall be retained as an exception to final appropriation in either of the next two succeeding years.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT ORDAINED, by the Borough Council of the Borough of Neptune City, in the County of Monmouth, a majority of the full authorized membership of this governing body affirmatively concurring, that, in the 2026 budget year, the final appropriations of the Borough of Neptune City shall, in accordance with this ordinance and N.J.S.A. 40A: 4-45.14, be increased by 3.5%, amounting to $118,267.37, and that the 2026 municipal budget for the Borough of Neptune City be approved and adopted in accordance with this ordinance; and,

BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED, that any that any amount authorized hereinabove that is not appropriated as part of the final budget shall be retained as an exception to final appropriation in either of the next two succeeding years; and,

BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED, that a certified copy of this ordinance as introduced be filed with the Director of the Division of Local Government Services within 5 days of introduction; and,

BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED, that a certified copy of this ordinance upon adoption, with the recorded vote included thereon, be filed with said Director within 5 days after such adoption.

Mayor McGreevy read the ordinance into the record by title "**Ordinance 2026-05: Bond Ordinance Providing for 2025 Roadway Improvements, Appropriating $300,000 and Authorizing the Issuance of $125,580 Bonds or Notes of the Borough for Financing Part of the Cost Thereof". Mayor McGreevy noted this ordinance would be referred back to the finance committee.**

Motion to table Ordinance 2026-05 to March 23 by **C/Chong;** seconded by **C/Karalovich**
ROLL CALL: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich; C/Renee; C/Williams

BOND ORDINANCE 2026 – 05

BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY, COUNTY OF MONMOUTH

BOND ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR THE 2025 ROADWAY IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM APPROPRIATING $300,000 AND AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF $125,580 BONDS OR NOTES OF THE BOROUGH FOR FINANCING PART OF THE COST THEREOF.

BE IT ORDAINED by the Borough Council of the Borough of Neptune City, in the County of Monmouth, New Jersey (not less than two-thirds of all members thereof affirmatively concurring) as follows:

Section 1. The capital improvement described in Section 3 of this Bond Ordinance is hereby authorized by the Borough of Neptune City, New Jersey. For the capital improvement described in Section 3, there is hereby appropriated the sum of $300,000, which includes $60,000 in costs as permitted by *N.J.S.A. 40A:2-20* and a New Jersey Department of Transportation Grant in the amount of $174,420 that satisfies the down payment for the said purpose as required by the Local Bond Law.

Section 2. In order to finance the cost of the 2025 Roadway Improvement Program not covered by the aforementioned grant, negotiable bonds are hereby authorized to be issued in the principal amount of $125,580 pursuant

to the Local Bond Law. In anticipation of issuance of the bonds, negotiable bond anticipation notes are hereby authorized to be issued pursuant to and within the limitations prescribed by the Local Bond Law.

Section 3. The 2025-2026 Roadway Improvement Program are hereby authorized and the purpose for which the bonds are to be issued. The minimum period of usefulness is ten years.

Section 4. All bond anticipation notes issued hereunder shall mature at such times as may be determined by the chief financial officer, provided that no note shall mature later than one year from its date. The notes shall bear interest at such rate or rates and be in such form as may be determined by the chief financial officer. The chief financial officer shall determine all matters in connection with notes issued pursuant to this ordinance, and the chief financial officer's signature upon the notes shall be conclusive evidence as to all such determinations. All notes issued hereunder may be renewed from time to time subject to the provisions of *N.J.S.A. 40A:2-8(a)*. The chief financial officer is hereby authorized to sell part or all the notes from time to time at public or private sale and to deliver them to the purchaser thereof upon receipt of payment of the purchase price plus accrued interest from their dates to the date of delivery thereof. The chief financial officer is directed to report in writing to the governing body at the meeting next succeeding the date when any sale or delivery of the notes pursuant to this ordinance is made. Such report must include the amount, the description, the interest rate, and the maturity schedule of the notes sold, the price obtained, and the name of the purchaser.

Section 5. The capital budget of the Borough of Neptune City is hereby amended to conform with the provisions of this Ordinance to the extent of any inconsistency therewith; and the resolutions promulgated by the Local Finance Board showing full detail of the amended Capital Budget and Capital Program as approved by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services, is on file with the Municipal Clerk and is available for public inspection.

Section 6. The following additional matters are hereby determined, declared, recited, and stated:

(a) The purchase described in Section 3 of this bond ordinance is not a current expense. It is an improvement that the Borough may lawfully undertake as a general improvement, and no part of the cost thereof has been or shall be specially assessed on property specially benefitted thereby.

(b) The Supplemental Debt Statement required by the Local Bond Law has been duly prepared and filed in the Office of the Clerk, and a complete executed duplicate thereof has been filed in the Office of the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs of the State of New Jersey. The gross debt of the Borough of Neptune City is increased by the authorization of the bonds or notes provided in this bond ordinance by $125,580, and the obligations authorized herein will be within all debt limitations prescribed by law.

(c) An aggregate amount not exceeding $60,000 for items of expense listed in and permitted under *N.J.S.A. 40A:2-20* may be included in the costs of the purchase authorized in Section 3 hereof and is included in the foregoing estimate thereof.

Section 7. The full faith and credit of the Borough are hereby pledged to the punctual payment of the principal of an interest on the obligations authorized by this bond ordinance. The obligations shall be direct, unlimited obligations of the Borough and the Borough shall be obligated to levy ad valorem taxes upon all the taxable property within the Borough for the payment of the obligations and interest thereon without limitation on rate or amount.

Section 8. That in the event any moneys are received by the Borough from the United States of America, or from the State of New Jersey or any of its agencies, or from any other sources for the purchase provided for herein prior to the issuance of any of the bonds or notes authorized by this ordinance, the amount of such bonds or notes authorized herein shall be reduced by the amount so received prior to the issuance of any such bonds or notes.

Section 9. This bond ordinance shall take effect twenty (20) days after the first publication thereof after final adoption, as provided by the Local Bond Law.

The meeting was held while members of the public exited.

Mayor McGreevy read the ordinance into the record by title: **Ordinance 2026-06: Bond Ordinance Providing for 2026 Roadway Improvements, Appropriating $450,000 and Authorizing the Issuance of $134,672 Bonds or Notes of the Borough for Financing Part of the Cost Thereof.**

Motion to table Ordinance 2026-06 to March 23 by **C/Chong;** seconded by **C/Kocsis**
ROLL CALL: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich; C/Renee; C/Williams

BOND ORDINANCE 2026 – 06
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY, COUNTY OF MONMOUTH

BOND ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR THE 2025 ROADWAY IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM APPROPRIATING $300,000 AND AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF $125,580 BONDS OR NOTES OF THE BOROUGH FOR FINANCING PART OF THE COST THEREOF.

BE IT ORDAINED by the Borough Council of the Borough of Neptune City, in the County of Monmouth, New Jersey (not less than two-thirds of all members thereof affirmatively concurring) as follows:

Section 1. The capital improvement described in Section 3 of this Bond Ordinance is hereby authorized by the Borough of Neptune City, New Jersey. For the capital improvement described in Section 3, there is hereby appropriated the sum of $300,000, which includes $60,000 in costs as permitted by *N.J.S.A. 40A:2-20* and a New Jersey Department of Transportation Grant in the amount of $174,420 that satisfies the down payment for the said purpose as required by the Local Bond Law.

Section 2. In order to finance the cost of the 2025 Roadway Improvement Program not covered by the aforementioned grant, negotiable bonds are hereby authorized to be issued in the principal amount of $125,580 pursuant to the Local Bond Law. In anticipation of issuance of the bonds, negotiable bond anticipation notes are hereby authorized to be issued pursuant to and within the limitations prescribed by the Local Bond Law.

Section 3. The 2025-2026 Roadway Improvement Program are hereby authorized and the purpose for which the bonds are to be issued. The minimum period of usefulness is ten years.

Section 4. All bond anticipation notes issued hereunder shall mature at such times as may be determined by the chief financial officer, provided that no note shall mature later than one year from its date. The notes shall bear interest at such rate or rates and be in such form as may be determined by the chief financial officer. The chief financial officer shall determine all matters in connection with notes issued pursuant to this ordinance, and the chief financial officer's signature upon the notes shall be conclusive evidence as to all such determinations. All notes issued hereunder may be renewed from time to time subject to the provisions of *N.J.S.A. 40A:2-8(a)*. The chief financial officer is hereby authorized to sell part or all the notes from time to time at public or private sale and to deliver them to the purchaser thereof upon receipt of payment of the purchase price plus accrued interest from their dates to the date of delivery thereof. The chief financial officer is directed to report in writing to the governing body at the meeting next succeeding the date when any sale or delivery of the notes pursuant to this ordinance is made. Such report must include the amount, the description, the interest rate, and the maturity schedule of the notes sold, the price obtained, and the name of the purchaser.

Section 5. The capital budget of the Borough of Neptune City is hereby amended to conform with the provisions of this Ordinance to the extent of any inconsistency therewith; and the resolutions promulgated by the Local Finance Board showing full detail of the amended Capital Budget and Capital Program as approved by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services, is on file with the Municipal Clerk and is available for public inspection.

Section 6. The following additional matters are hereby determined, declared, recited, and stated:

(a) The purchase described in Section 3 of this bond ordinance is not a current expense. It is an improvement that the Borough may lawfully undertake as a general improvement, and no part of the cost thereof has been or shall be specially assessed on property specially benefitted thereby.

(b) The Supplemental Debt Statement required by the Local Bond Law has been duly prepared and filed in the Office of the Clerk, and a complete executed duplicate thereof has been filed in the Office of the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs of the State of New Jersey. The gross debt of the Borough of Neptune City is increased by the authorization of the bonds or notes provided in this bond ordinance by $125,580, and the obligations authorized herein will be within all debt limitations prescribed by law.

(c) An aggregate amount not exceeding $60,000 for items of expense listed in and permitted under *N.J.S.A. 40A:2-20* may be included in the costs of the purchase authorized in Section 3 hereof and is included in the foregoing estimate thereof.

Section 7. The full faith and credit of the Borough are hereby pledged to the punctual payment of the principal of an interest on the obligations authorized by this bond ordinance. The obligations shall be direct, unlimited obligations of the Borough and the Borough shall be obligated to levy ad valorem taxes upon all the taxable property within the Borough for the payment of the obligations and interest thereon without limitation on rate or amount.

Section 8. That in the event any moneys are received by the Borough from the United States of America, or from the State of New Jersey or any of its agencies, or from any other sources for the purchase provided for herein prior to the issuance of any of the bonds or notes authorized by this ordinance, the amount of such bonds or notes authorized herein shall be reduced by the amount so received prior to the issuance of any such bonds or notes.

Section 9. This bond ordinance shall take effect twenty (20) days after the first publication thereof after final adoption, as provided by the Local Bond Law.

Mayor McGreevy read the ordinance into the record by title - **Ordinance 2026-07: Ordinance Amending and Supplementing Chapter 139: "Zoning" of the Borough's Revised General Ordinances to Create a New Mixed-Use Overlay Zone**

Motion to open the meeting to the public on Ordinance 2026-07 by **C/Renee;** seconded by **C/Johnson**
VOICE VOTE: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich; C/Renee; C/Williams

There were no comments from the public. There was no discussion from the Governing Body.

Motion to close the meeting to the public on Ordinance 2026-07 by **C/Renee;** seconded by **C/Chong**
VOICE VOTE: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich; C/Renee; C/Williams

Motion to adopt Ordinance 2026-07 by **C/Renee;** seconded by **C/Chong**
ROLL CALL: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich; C/Renee; C/Williams

ORDINANCE 2026-07
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
AN ORDINANCE AMENDING AND SUPPLEMENTING THE BOROUGH CODE OF THE BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY, CHAPTER 139 ENTITLED "ZONING" TO CREATE A NEW MIXED-USE OVERLAY ZONE

WHEREAS, on March 20, 2024, Governor Murphy signed into law P.L. 2024, c.2, an Amendment to the 1985 Fair Housing Act (hereinafter "Amended FHA" or "Act") establishing the statutory calculation of the state-wide fair share obligation for the Fourth Round of affordable housing for the time period 2025-2035; and

WHEREAS, the Amended FHA requires the Department of Community Affairs ("DCA") to provide its calculation of every municipality's Fourth Round fair share affordable housing obligations based upon the criteria on the Amended FHA and the DCA issued a report on October 18, 2024 (the "DCA Report") wherein it supplied its calculation of the fair share affordable housing obligation for all municipalities, including the Borough of Neptune City; and

WHEREAS, the DCA Report calculated Neptune City's Fourth Round fair share obligations as follows: Present Need (Rehabilitation) Obligation of 12 units and a Fourth Round Prospective Need (New Construction) Obligation of 32 affordable housing units with a cumulative Prior Round, Third Round and Fourth Round Prospective Need obligation of 191 affordable housing units; and

WHEREAS, the Borough having filed its Housing Element and Fair Share Plan prior to June 30, 2025 (the "HEFSP") as required; and

WHEREAS, Fair Share Housing Center having filed a challenge pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.1(f)(2)(b) regarding the Borough's HEFSP on August 31, 2025; and

WHEREAS, the Borough having entered into a Consent Order with Fair Share Housing Center which requires the Borough to adopt Fourth Round implementing ordinances in conformance with current statutes and regulation; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Council believe it is in the best interest of the Borough to adopt the Fourth Round implementing ordinances in order to obtain compliance certification from the Program/Court thereby protecting the Borough from exclusionary zoning litigation for ten years until 2035.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Neptune City, County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey hereby amends Chapter 139 Zoning to establish a new zone the Mixed-Use Overlay Zone over certain properties within Neptune City as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 139: "Zoning" of the Revised General Ordinances of the Borough of Neptune City is hereby amended to add "Mixed Use Overlay Zone" as follows (~~stricken text~~ deleted, **bold underlined text added**, language that remains unchanged is not highlighted in any way):

§139-9 Zones Established

For the purpose of this chapter, the Borough of Neptune City is divided into the following zones:

R-1	Single Family Residential
R-2	High Density Residential
R-1T	Single Family Residential/Townhouse
R-2T	Residential Townhouse
R-2M	Mobile Home District

RLC Residential Limited Commercial
RC Residential Commercial
HC Highway Commercial
C Commercial; ~~and~~
I Industrial; **and**
MU-O **Mixed Use Overlay**

SECTION 2. Chapter 139: "Zoning", § 139-10, "Zoning Map", is hereby amended to add "Mixed Use Overlay Zone" as follows:

Lots to be included within the Mixed-Use Overlay Zone:
Block 38, Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, and 10;
Block 39, Lots 1, 5.01, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 22;
Block 41, Lot 1;
Block 47, Lots 1, 2, 2.01, 3, 4, 11, 13, and 14;
Block 48, Lot 1;
Block 49, Lots 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 17, 18, 20, 21, 27, 28, and 29;
Block 50, Lot 1; and
Block 75, Lot 17.

Following adoption by the Mayor and Council, Section §139-10 is hereby amended to add this Ordinance number and the date of adoption to the list of Zoning Map Amendments, and the added Mixed Use Overlay Zone shall be enacted as an amendment to the Borough's Zoning Map.

SECTION 3. Chapter 139: "Zoning", Section §139-12, "Schedule of Area, Yard and Building Requirements", is hereby supplemented to include *new* "Mixed Use Overlay Zone" as follows:

SCHEDULE OF AREA, YARD AND BUILDING REQUIREMENTS

MU-O Mixed Use Overlay Zone

A. Principal Permitted Uses
   1. Mixed Use
      Permitted retail/commercial on ground level with residential units above; no residence on ground level; townhouse units are permitted in the rear of the mixed-use building. Any mixed-use development requires a mandatory 20% set aside for affordable housing. A Minimum of one (1) affordable housing unit is required in any residential development utilizing the overlay zoning. All affordable housing units must be compliant with UHAC requirements.
   2. All other permitted uses in the RC Zone.

B. Permitted Accessory Uses
   1. All permitted accessory uses within the RC Zone.
   2. Conditional Uses.
      All permitted conditional uses within the RC Zone.

C. Area and bulk requirements
   Minimum Lot Area: 10,000 square feet.
   Minimum Lot Frontage: 75 feet.
   Minimum Lot Width: 50 feet.
   Minimum Lot Depth: 75 feet.
   Minimum Front Yard Setback: The same as established by the structure adjacent to the subject lot which is set back furthest but in no case more than 40 feet or less than 20 feet.
   Minimum Side Yard Setback: aggregate of 20 ft., no less than 8 ft. per side.
   Minimum Rear Yard: 20 feet.
   Maximum Building Height: 35 ft., 3.5 stories at the street line.
   Maximum Lot Coverage: 70%.

D. Parking and Other Design Standards
   As set forth in the Site Plan Review Ordinance:
      1. All uses permitted within the underlying Commercial zoning district in which the overlay zone is located.

2. Affordable housing development as defined in the Affordable Housing Ordinance of the Borough Code as for sale or rental housing which may include the following uses:
   i. Mixed Use Buildings that include commercial, restaurant, retail or office space on the ground floor and residential development on subsequent floors.
3. Permitted Accessory Uses.
   Uses that are customary and incidental to multi-family housing, including, but not limited to:
   i. Parking;
   ii. Garages;
   iii. Signs;
   iv. Fences;
   v. Trash enclosure;
   vi. Temporary construction trailers;
   vii. Utility pump station, transformers, switches, and meter facilities to support the development;
   viii. HVAC units; and
   ix. Generators.
4. Bulk Regulations. for purposes of this subsection, 3rd Avenue shall be considered the front yard and any intersection street shall be considered the side yard.
5. Projections from buildings, such as, but not limited to balconies, patios, chimneys and windows, may extend into the building set-back provided they shall be set-back a minimum of five (5) feet from all property lines.
6. All property lines abutting a residential use shall provide a ten (10) foot landscaped buffer. Said buffer shall not be in addition to the required setback.

E. Affordable Housing Requirements:
1. Twenty percent (20%) of the residential units shall be restricted to low- and moderate-income households. Fractions of .49 or less may be rounded down; fractions of .50 or more shall be rounded up.
2. All affordable housing units shall comply with the Borough's affordable housing regulations in its Affordable Housing Ordinance, as well as the NJ Fair Housing Act (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301 et seq.), and the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls Rules (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq.). This shall include but is not limited to:
   i. The requirement that at least thirteen percent (13%) of the affordable units within each bedroom distribution shall be required to be for very low-income households earning thirty percent (30%) or less of median income;
   ii. Appropriate bedroom distribution of 1-2-, and 3-bedroom units;
   iii. Recording of appropriate affordability controls of not less than forty (40) years for rental units and not less than thirty (30) years for sale units;
   iv. Minimum unit sizes by square footage for affordable housing units; and
   v. The affordable units shall be affirmatively marketed in accordance with UHAC and applicable law. The affirmative marketing shall include the community and regional organizations identified by the Borough, and it shall also include posting of all affordable units on the New Jersey Housing Resource Center website in accordance with applicable law.
3. The affordable units shall be integrated with the market-rate units, and the affordable units shall not be concentrated in separate building(s) or in separate area(s) or floor(s) from the market-rate units. In buildings with multiple dwelling units of similar tenure, this shall mean that the affordable units shall be generally distributed within each building with market units. The residents of the affordable units shall have full and equal access to all of the amenities, common areas, and recreation areas and facilities as the residents of the market rate units. The affordable units shall be the same type of housing unit as the market rate units, meaning that a market rate building available to families shall not be developed to provide age-restricted housing units.

4. Construction of the affordable units in the inclusionary development shall be phases in compliance with N.J.A.C. 5:93-5.6(d).

SECTION 4. Chapter 139: "Zoning" is hereby supplemented with *new* Section §139-43 "Mixed Use Overlay Zone" as follows:

§139-43 MU-O Mixed Use Overlay Zone

A. Purpose of the Mixed-Use Overlay Zone
The purpose of the Mixed-Use Zone ("MU-O Zone") is to allow for a combination of mixed uses within the Residential Commercial Zone including commercial, retail, and residential uses.

B. Principle Permitted Uses
1. Mixed Use.
Permitted retail/commercial on ground level with residential units above; no residence on ground level; townhouse units are permitted in the rear of the mixed-use building. Any mixed-use development requires a mandatory 20% set aside for affordable housing. A Minimum of one (1) affordable housing unit is required in any residential development utilizing the overlay zoning. All affordable housing units must be compliant with UHAC requirements.
2. All other permitted uses in the RC Zone.

C. Permitted Accessory Uses
1. All permitted accessory uses within the RC Zone.
2. Conditional Uses.
All permitted conditional uses within the RC Zone.

D. Area and bulk requirements
Minimum Lot Area: 10,000 square feet.
Minimum Lot Frontage: 75 feet.
Minimum Lot Width: 50 feet.
Minimum Lot Depth: 75 feet.
Minimum Front Yard Setback: The same as established by the structure adjacent to the subject lot which is set back furthest but in no case more than 40 feet or less than 20 feet.
Minimum Side Yard Setback: aggregate of 20 ft., no less than 8 ft. per side.
Minimum Rear Yard: 20 feet.
Maximum Building Height: 35 ft., 3.5 stories at the street line.
Maximum Lot Coverage: 70%.

E. Parking and Other Design Standards
As set forth in the Site Plan Review Ordinance:
1. All uses permitted within the underlying Commercial zoning district in which the overlay zone is located.
2. Affordable housing development as defined in the Affordable Housing Ordinance of the Borough Code as for sale or rental housing which may include the following uses:
i. Mixed Use Buildings that include commercial, restaurant, retail or office space on the ground floor and residential development on subsequent floors.
3. Permitted Accessory Uses.
Uses that are customary and incidental to multi-family housing, including, but not limited to:
i. Parking;
ii. Garages;
iii. Signs;
iv. Fences;
v. Trash enclosure;
vi. Temporary construction trailers;
vii. Utility pump station, transformers, switches, and meter facilities to support the development;
viii. HVAC units; and
ix. Generators.

4. Bulk Regulations. for purposes of this subsection, 3rd Avenue shall be considered the front yard and any intersection street shall be considered the side yard.
5. Projections from buildings, such as, but not limited to balconies, patios, chimneys and windows, may extend into the building set-back provided they shall be set-back a minimum of five (5) feet from all property lines.
6. All property lines abutting a residential use shall provide a ten (10) foot landscaped buffer. Said buffer shall not be in addition to the required setback.

F. Affordable Housing Requirements:
   1. Twenty percent (20%) of the residential units shall be restricted to low- and moderate-income households. Fractions of .49 or less may be rounded down; fractions of .50 or more shall be rounded up.
   2. All affordable housing units shall comply with the Borough's affordable housing regulations in its Affordable Housing Ordinance, as well as the NJ Fair Housing Act (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301 et seq.), and the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls Rules (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq.). This shall include but is not limited to:
      i. The requirement that at least thirteen percent (13%) of the affordable units within each bedroom distribution shall be required to be for very low-income households earning thirty percent (30%) or less of median income;
      ii. Appropriate bedroom distribution of 1-2-, and 3-bedroom units;
      iii. Recording of appropriate affordability controls of not less than forty (40) years for rental units and not less than thirty (30) years for sale units;
      iv. Minimum unit sizes by square footage for affordable housing units; and
      v. The affordable units shall be affirmatively marketed in accordance with UHAC and applicable law. The affirmative marketing shall include the community and regional organizations identified by the Borough, and it shall also include posting of all affordable units on the New Jersey Housing Resource Center website in accordance with applicable law.
   3. The affordable units shall be integrated with the market-rate units, and the affordable units shall not be concentrated in separate building(s) or in separate area(s) or floor(s) from the market-rate units. In buildings with multiple dwelling units of similar tenure, this shall mean that the affordable units shall be generally distributed within each building with market units. The residents of the affordable units shall have full and equal access to all of the amenities, common areas, and recreation areas and facilities as the residents of the market rate units. The affordable units shall be the same type of housing unit as the market rate units, meaning that a market rate building available to families shall not be developed to provide age-restricted housing units.
   4. Construction of the affordable units in the inclusionary development shall be phases in compliance with N.J.A.C. 5:93-5.6(d).

SECTION 5. If any article, section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is, for any reason, held to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the remaining portions of this Ordinance and they shall remain in full force and effect.

SECTION 6. In the event of any inconsistencies between the provisions of this Ordinance and any prior ordinance of the Borough, the provisions hereof shall be determined to govern. All other parts, portions and provisions of The Revised General Ordinances of the Borough of Neptune City are hereby ratified and confirmed, except where inconsistent with the terms hereof.

SECTION 7. This Ordinance shall take effect upon adoption and publication and review in accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey.

Mayor McGreevy read the ordinance into the record by title "**Ordinance 2026-08: Ordinance Augmenting Chapter 15: "Land Use Procedures" of the Borough's Revised General Ordinances to create New Article V, "Affordable Housing Regulations" Implementing the Fourth Round Housing Plan Element and Fair Share Plan"**

Motion to open the meeting to the public on Ordinance 2026-08 by **C/Renee;** seconded by **C/Johnson**
VOICE VOTE: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich; C/Renee; C/Williams

There were no comments from the public or Council.

Motion to close the meeting to the public on Ordinance 2026-08 by **C/Renee;** seconded by **C/Kocsis**
VOICE VOTE: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich; C/Renee; C/Williams

Motion to adopt Ordinance 2026-08 by **C/Renee;** seconded by **C/Chong**
ROLL CALL: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich; C/Renee; C/Williams

ORDINANCE 2026-08
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
AN ORDINANCE AUGMENTING CHAPTER 15: "LAND USE PROCEDURES" OF THE BOROUGH'S REVISED GENERAL ORDINANCES TO CREATE NEW ARTICLE V, "AFFORDABLE HOUSING REGULATIONS" IMPLEMENTING THE BOROUGH'S FOURTH ROUND HOUSING ELEMENT AND FAIR SHARE PLAN

WHEREAS, on March 20, 2024, Governor Murphy signed into law P.L. 2024, c.2, an Amendment to the 1985 Fair Housing Act (hereinafter "Amended FHA" or "Act") establishing the statutory calculation of the state-wide fair share obligation for the Fourth Round of affordable housing for the time period 2025-2035; and

WHEREAS, the Amended FHA requires the Department of Community Affairs ("DCA") to provide its calculation of every municipality's Fourth Round fair share affordable housing obligations based upon the criteria on the Amended FHA and the DCA issued a report on October 18, 2024 (the "DCA Report") wherein it supplied its calculation of the fair share affordable housing obligation for all municipalities, including the Borough of Neptune City; and

WHEREAS, the DCA Report calculated Neptune City's Fourth Round fair share obligations as follows: Present Need (Rehabilitation) Obligation of 12 units and a Fourth Round Prospective Need (New Construction) Obligation of 32 affordable housing units with a cumulative Prior Round, Third Round and Fourth Round Prospective Need obligation of 191 affordable housing units; and

WHEREAS, the Borough having filed its Housing Element and Fair Share Plan prior to June 30, 2025 (the "HEFSP") as required; and

WHEREAS, Fair Share Housing Center having filed a challenge pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.1(f)(2)(b) regarding the Borough's HEFSP on August 31, 2025; and

WHEREAS, the Borough having entered into a Consent Order with Fair Share Housing Center which requires the Borough to adopt Fourth Round implementing ordinances in conformance with current statutes and regulation; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Neptune City believe it is in the best interest of the Borough to adopt the Fourth Round implementing ordinances in order to obtain compliance certification from the Program/Court thereby protecting the Borough from exclusionary zoning litigation for ten years until 2035.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Neptune City, County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey, as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 15: "Land Use Procedures" of the Revised General Ordinances of the Borough of Neptune City is hereby supplemented with *new* Article V: "Affordable Housing Regulations" as follows:

CHAPTER 15: LAND USE PROCEDURES

*** * ***

ARTICLE V: AFFORDABLE HOUSING REGULATIONS

§ 15-45 Introduction & Applicability

A. This section of the Code sets forth regulations regarding the very low-, low- and moderate-income housing units in Borough of Neptune City consistent with the provisions outlined in P.L 2024, Chapter 2, including the amended Fair Housing Act ("FHA") at N.J.S.A. 52:27D-302 et seq., as well as the Department of Community Affairs, Division of Local Planning Services ("LPS") at N.J.A.C. 5:99 et seq., statutorily upheld existing regulations of the now-defunct Council on Affordable Housing ("COAH") at N.J.A.C. 5:93 and 5:97, the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls

("UHAC") at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq., and as reflected in the adopted municipal Fourth Round Housing Element and Fair Share Plan ("HEFSP").

B. This Ordinance is intended to ensure that very low-, low- and moderate-income units ("affordable units") are created with controls on affordability over time and that very-low, low and moderate-income households shall occupy these units pursuant to statutory requirements. This Ordinance shall apply to all inclusionary developments, individual affordable units, and 100% affordable housing developments except where inconsistent with applicable law. Low-Income Housing Tax Credit financed developments shall adhere to the provisions set forth below in item E(3), below.

C. The Neptune City Land Use Board has adopted a HEFSP pursuant to the Municipal Land Use Law at N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1, et seq. The Fair Share Plan describes the ways the municipality shall address its fair share of very low, low and moderate-income housing as approved by the Superior Court and documented in the Housing Element.

D. This Ordinance implements and incorporates the relevant provisions of the HEFSP and addresses the requirements of P.L 2024, Chapter 2, the FHA, N.J.A.C. 5:99, NJ Supreme Court upheld COAH regulations at N.J.A.C. 5:93 and 5:97, and UHAC at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, as may be amended and supplemented.

E. Applicability

(1) The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to all affordable housing developments and affordable housing units that currently exist and that are proposed to be created pursuant to the municipality's most recently adopted HEFSP.

(2) This Ordinance shall apply to all developments that contain very low-, low- and moderate-income housing units included in the Municipal HEFSP, including any unanticipated future developments that will provide very low-, low- and moderate-income housing units.

(3) Projects receiving federal Low Income Housing Tax Credit financing and are proposed for credit shall comply with the low/moderate split and bedroom distribution requirements, maximum initial rents and sales prices requirements, affirmative fair marketing requirements of UHAC at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16 and the length of the affordability controls applicable to such projects shall be not less than a 30-year compliance period plus a 15-year extended-use period, for a total of not less than 45 years.

§ 15-46 Definitions

As used herein the following terms shall have the following meanings:

"Accessory apartments" means a residential dwelling unit that provides complete independent living facilities with a private entrance for one or more persons, consisting of provisions for living, sleeping, eating, sanitation, and cooking, including a stove and refrigerator, and is located within a proposed preexisting primary dwelling, within an existing or proposed structure that is an accessory to a dwelling on the same lot, constructed in whole or part as an extension to a proposed or existing primary dwelling, or constructed as a separate detached structure on the same lot as the existing or proposed primary dwelling. Accessory apartments are also referred to as "accessory dwelling units".

"Act" means the New Jersey Fair Housing Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-302 et seq.

"Adaptable" means constructed in compliance with the technical design standards of the barrier free subcode adopted by the Commissioner of Community Affairs pursuant to the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c. 217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.) and in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of P.L.2005, c. 350 (C.52:27D-123.15).

"Administrative agent" means the entity approved by the Division responsible for the administration of affordable units, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:99-7, and UHAC at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15.

"Affirmative marketing" means a regional marketing strategy designed to attract buyers and/or renters of affordable units pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16.

"Affirmative Marketing Plan" means the municipally adopted plan of strategies from which the administrative agent will choose to implement as part of the Affirmative Marketing requirements.

"Affirmative Marketing Process" or "Program" means the actual undertaking of Affirmative Marketing activities in furtherance of each project with very low- low- and moderate-income units.

"Affordability assistance" means the use of funds to render housing units more affordable to low- and moderate-income households and includes, but is not limited to, down payment assistance, security deposit assistance, low

interest loans, rental assistance, assistance with homeowner's association or condominium fees and special assessments, common maintenance expenses, and assistance with emergency repairs and rehabilitation to bring deed-restricted units up to code, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:99-2.5.

"Affordability average" means an average of the percentage of regional median income at which restricted units in an affordable development are affordable to low- and moderate-income households.

"Affordable" means, in the case of an ownership unit, that the sales price for the unit conforms to the standards set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.7 and, in the case of a rental unit, that the rent for the unit conforms to the standards set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.13.

"Affordable housing development" means a development included in a municipality's housing element and fair share plan, and includes, but is not limited to, an inclusionary development, a municipally sponsored affordable housing project, or a 100 percent affordable development. This includes developments with affordable units on-site, off-site, or provided as a payment in-lieu of construction only if such a payment-in-lieu option has been previously approved by the Program or Superior Court as part of the HEFSP. Payments in lieu of construction were invalidated per P.L. 2024, c.2.

"Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program" or "the Program" refers to the dispute resolution program established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-313.2.

"Affordable Housing Monitoring System" or "AHMS" means the Department's cloud-based software application, which shall be the central repository for municipalities to use for reporting detailed information regarding affordable housing developments, affordable housing unit completions, and the collection and expenditures of funds deposited into the municipal affordable housing trust fund.

"Affordable Housing Trust Fund" or "AHTF" means that non-lapsing, revolving trust fund established in DCA pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-320 and N.J.A.C. 5:43 to be the repository of all State funds appropriated for affordable housing purposes. All references to the "Neighborhood Preservation Non-lapsing Revolving Fund" and "Balanced Housing" mean the AHTF.

"Affordable unit" means a housing unit proposed or developed pursuant to the Act, including units created with municipal affordable housing trust funds.

"Age-restricted housing" means a housing unit that is designed to meet the needs of, and is exclusively for, an age-restricted segment of the population such that: 1. All the residents of the development where the unit is situated are 62 years or older; 2. At least 80 percent of the units are occupied by one person that is 55 years or older; or 3. The development has been designated by the Secretary of HUD as "housing for older persons" as defined in Section 807(b)(2) of the Fair Housing Act, 42 U.S.C. § 3607.

"Agency" means the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency established by P.L.1983, c. 530 (C.55:14K-1 et seq.).

"Assisted living residence" means a facility licensed by the New Jersey Department of Health to provide apartment-style housing and congregate dining and to ensure that assisted living services are available when needed for four or more adult persons unrelated to the proprietor. Apartment units must offer, at a minimum, one unfurnished room, a private bathroom, a kitchenette, and a lockable door on the unit entrance.

"Barrier-free escrow" means the holding of funds collected to adapt affordable unit entrances to be accessible in accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311a et seq. Such funds shall be held in a municipal affordable housing trust fund pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:99-2.6.

"Builder's remedy" means court-imposed site-specific relief for a litigant who seeks to build affordable housing for which the court requires a municipality to utilize zoning techniques, such as mandatory set-asides or density bonuses, including techniques which provide for the economic viability of a residential development by including housing that is not for low- and moderate-income households.

"Certified household" means a household that has been certified by an administrative agent as a very-low-income household, a low-income household, or a moderate-income household.

"CHOICE" means the no-longer-active Choices in Homeownership Incentives for Everyone Program, as it was authorized by the Agency.

"COAH" or the "Council" means the Council on Affordable Housing established in, but not of, DCA pursuant to the Act and that was abolished effective March 20, 2024, pursuant to section 3 at P.L. 2024, c. 2 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.1).
"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department of Community Affairs.
"Compliance certification" means the certification obtained by a municipality pursuant to section 3 of P.L.2024, c. 2 (C.52:27D-304.1), that protects the municipality from exclusionary zoning litigation during the current round of present and prospective need and through July 1 of the year the next round begins, which is also known as a "judgment of compliance" or "judgment of repose." The term "compliance certification" shall include a judgment of repose granted in an action filed pursuant to section 13 of P.L.1985, c. 222 (C.52:27D-313).
"Construction" means new construction and additions, but does not include alterations, reconstruction, renovations, conversion, relocation, or repairs, as those terms are defined in the State Uniform Construction Code promulgated pursuant to the State Uniform Construction Code Act, P.L. 1975, c. 217(N.J.S.A. 52:27D-119 et seq.).
"County-level housing judge" means a judge appointed pursuant to section 5 at P.L. 2024, c. 2, to resolve disputes over the compliance of municipal fair share affordable housing obligations and municipal Fair Share plans and housing elements with the Act.
"DCA" and "Department" mean the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs.
"Deficient housing unit" means a housing unit with health and safety code violations that require the repair or replacement of a major system. A major system includes weatherization, roofing, plumbing (including wells), heating, electricity, sanitary plumbing (including septic systems), lead paint abatement and/or load bearing structural systems.
"Department" means the New Jersey Department of Community Affairs.
"Developer" means the legal or beneficial owner or owners of a lot or of any land proposed to be included in a proposed development, including the holder of an option or contract to purchase, or other person having an enforceable proprietary interest in such land.
"Development" means the division of a parcel of land into two or more parcels, the construction, reconstruction, conversion, structural alteration, relocation, or enlargement of any building or other structure, or of any mining, excavation, or landfill, and any use or change in the use of any building or other structure, or land or extension of use of land, for which permission may be required pursuant to the Municipal Land Use Law, N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1 et seq.
"Development fee" means money paid by a developer for the improvement of residential and non-residential property as permitted pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.2 and 40:55D-8.1 through 40:55D-8.7 and N.J.A.C. 5:99-3.
"Dispute Resolution Program" means the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program, established pursuant to section 5 at P.L. 2024, c. 2 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-313.2).
"Division" means the Division of Local Planning Services within the Department of Community Affairs.
"Emergent opportunity" means a circumstance that has arisen whereby affordable housing will be able to be produced through a delivery mechanism not originally contemplated by or included in a fair share plan that has been the subject of a compliance certification.
"Equalized assessed value" or "EAV" means the assessed value of a property divided by the current average ratio of assessed to true value for the municipality in which the property is situated, as determined in accordance with sections 1, 5, and 6 at P.L. 1973, c. 123 (N.J.S.A. 54:1-35a, 54:1-35b,and 54:1-35c). Estimates at the time of building permit may be obtained by the tax assessor using construction cost estimates. Final EAV shall be determined at project completion by the municipal assessor.
"Equity share amount" means the product of the price differential and the equity share, with the equity share being the whole number of years that have elapsed since the last non-exempt sale of a restricted ownership unit, divided by 100, except that the equity share may not be less than five percent and may not exceed 30 percent.
"Exit sale" means the first authorized non-exempt sale of a restricted unit following the end of the control period, which sale terminates the affordability controls on the unit.
"Exclusionary zoning litigation" means litigation challenging the fair share plan, housing element, ordinances, or resolutions that implement the fair share plan or housing element of a municipality based on alleged noncompliance

with the Act or the Mount Laurel doctrine, which litigation shall include, but shall not be limited to, litigation seeking a builder's remedy.
"Extension of expiring controls" means extending the deed restriction period on units where the controls will expire in the current round of a housing obligation, so that the total years of a deed restriction is at least 60 years.
"Fair share obligation" means the total of the present need and prospective need, including prior rounds, as determined by the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program, or a court of competent jurisdiction.
"Fair share plan" means the plan or proposal, with accompanying ordinances and resolutions, by which a municipality proposes to satisfy its constitutional obligation to create a realistic opportunity to meet its fair share of low- and moderate-income housing needs of its region and which details the affirmative measures the municipality proposes to undertake to achieve its fair share of low- and moderate-income housing, as provided in the municipal housing element, and which addresses the development regulations necessary to implement the housing element, including, but not limited to, inclusionary requirements and development fees, and the elimination of unnecessary housing cost-generating features from the municipal land use ordinances and regulations.
"FHA" means the New Jersey Fair Housing Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-302 et seq.
"Green Building Strategies" means the strategies that minimize the impact of development on the environment, and enhance the health, safety and well-being of residents by producing durable, low-maintenance, resource-efficient housing while making optimum use of existing infrastructure and community services.
"HMFA" or "the Agency" means the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency established pursuant to P.L. 1983, c. 530 (N.J.S.A. 55:14K-1 et seq.).
"Household income" means a household's gross annual income calculated in a manner consistent with the determination of annual income pursuant to section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (Section 8), not in accordance with the determination of gross income for Federal income tax liability.
"Housing element" means the portion of a municipality's master plan adopted in accordance with the Municipal Land Use Law (MLUL) at N.J.S.A. 40:55D-28.b(3) and the Act consisting of reports, statements proposals, maps, diagrams, and text designed to meet the municipality's fair share of its region's present and prospective housing needs, particularly with regard to low- and moderate-income housing, which shall include the municipal present and prospective obligation for affordable housing, determined pursuant to subsection f. at N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.1.
"Housing region" means a geographic area established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.2b.
"Inclusionary development" means a residential housing development in which a substantial percentage of the housing units are provided for a reasonable income range of low- and moderate- income households.
"Judgment of compliance" or "judgment for repose" means a determination issued by the Superior Court approving a municipality's fair share plan to satisfy its affordable housing obligation for a particular 10-year round.
"Low-income household" means a household with a household income equal to 50 percent or less of the regional median income.
"Low-income unit" means a restricted unit that is affordable to a low-income household.
"Major system" means the primary structural, mechanical, plumbing, electrical, fire protection, or occupant service components of a building which include but are not limited to, weatherization, roofing, plumbing (including wells), heating, electricity, sanitary plumbing (including septic systems), lead paint abatement or load bearing structural systems.
"Mixed use development" means any development that includes both a non-residential development component and a residential development component, and shall include developments for which: (1)there is a common developer for both the residential development component and the non-residential development component, provided that for purposes of this definition, multiple persons and entities maybe considered a common developer if there is a contractual relationship among them obligating each entity to develop at least a portion of the residential or non-residential development, or both, or otherwise to contribute resources to the development; and (2) the residential and non-residential developments are located on the same lot or adjoining lots, including, but not limited to, lots separated by a street, a river, or another geographical feature.

"Moderate-income household" means a household with a household income in excess of 50 percent but less than 80 percent of the regional median income.
"Moderate-income unit" means a restricted unit that is affordable to a moderate-income household.
"MONI" means the no-longer-active Market Oriented Neighborhood Investment Program, as it was authorized by the Agency.
"Municipal housing liaison" or "MHL" means an appointed municipal employee who is, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:99-6, responsible for oversight and/or administration of the affordable units created within the municipality.
"Municipal affordable housing trust fund" means a separate, interest-bearing account held by a municipality for the deposit of development fees, payments in lieu of constructing affordable units on sites zoned for affordable housing previously approved prior to March 20, 2024 (per P.L. 2024, c.2), barrier-free escrow funds, recapture funds, proceeds from the sale of affordable units, rental income, repayments from affordable housing program loans, enforcement fines, unexpended RCA funds remaining from a completed RCA project, application fees, and any other funds collected by the municipality in connection with its affordable housing programs, which shall be used to address municipal low- and moderate-income housing obligations within the time frames established by the Legislature and this chapter.
"Municipal development fee ordinance" means an ordinance adopted by the governing body of a municipality that authorizes the collection of development fees.
"New construction" means the creation of a new housing unit under regulation by a code enforcement official regardless of the means by which the unit is created. Newly constructed units are evidenced by the issuance of a certificate of occupancy and may include new residences created through additions and alterations, adaptive reuse, subdivision, or conversion of existing space, and moving a structure from one location to another.
"New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund" means an account established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-320.
"New Jersey Housing Resource Center" or "Housing Resource Center" means the online affordable housing listing portal, or its successor, overseen by the Agency pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-321.3 et seq.
"95/5 restriction" means a deed restriction governing a restricted ownership unit that is part of a housing element that received substantive certification from COAH pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:93, as it was in effect at the time of the receipt of substantive certification, before October 1, 2001, or any other deed restriction governing a restricted ownership unit with a seller repayment option requiring 95 percent of the price differential to be paid to the municipality or an instrument of the municipality at the closing of a sale at market price.
"Non-exempt sale" means any sale or transfer of ownership of a restricted unit to one's self or to another individual other than the transfer of ownership between spouses or civil union partners; the transfer of ownership between former spouses or civil union partners ordered as a result of a judicial decree of divorce or judicial separation, but not including sales to third parties; the transfer of ownership between family members as a result of inheritance; the transfer of ownership through an executor's deed to a class A beneficiary; and the transfer of ownership by court order.
"Nonprofit" means an organization granted nonprofit status in accordance with section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
"Non-residential development" means:

Any building or structure, or portion thereof, including, but not limited to, any appurtenant improvements, which is designated to a use group other than a residential use group according to the State Uniform Construction Code, N.J.A.C. 5:23, promulgated to effectuate the State uniform Construction Code Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-119 et seq., including any subsequent amendments or revisions thereto;
Hotels, motels, vacation timeshares, and child-care facilities; and
The entirety of all continuing care facilities within a continuing care retirement community which is subject to the Continuing Care Retirement Community Regulation and Financial Disclosure Act, N.J.S.A.52:27D-330 et seq.

"Non-residential development fee" means the fee authorized to be imposed pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:55D-8.1 through 40:55D-8.7.

"Order for repose" means the protection a municipality has from a builder's remedy lawsuit for a period of time from the entry of a judgment of compliance by the Superior Court. A judgment of compliance often results in an order for repose.

"Payment in lieu of constructing affordable units" means the prior approval of the payment of funds to the municipality by a developer when affordable units are were not produced on a site zoned for an inclusionary development. The statutory permission for payments in lieu of constructing affordable units was eliminated per P.L. 2024, c.2.

"Prospective need" means a projection of housing needs based on development and growth which is reasonably likely to occur in a region or a municipality, as the case may be, as a result of actual determination of public and private entities. Prospective need shall be determined by the methodology set forth pursuant to sections 6 and 7 of P.L.2024, c. 2 (C.52:27D-304.2 and C.52:27D-304.3) for the fourth round and all future rounds of housing obligations.

"Qualified Urban Aid Municipality" means a municipality that meets the criteria established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.3.c(1).

"Person with a disability" means a person with a physical disability, infirmity, malformation, or disfigurement which is caused by bodily injury, birth defect, aging, or illness including epilepsy and other seizure disorders, and which shall include, but not be limited to, any degree of paralysis, amputation, lack of physical coordination, blindness or visual impairment, deafness or hearing impairment, the inability to speak or a speech impairment, or physical reliance on a service animal, wheelchair, or other remedial appliance or device.

"Price differential" means the difference between the controlled sale price of a restricted unit and the contract price at the exit sale of the unit, determined as of the date of a proposed contract of sale for the unit. If there is no proposed contract of sale, the price differential is the difference between the controlled sale price of a restricted unit and the appraised value of the unit as if it were not subject to UHAC, determined as of the date of the appraisal. If the controlled sale price exceeds the contract price or, in the absence of a contract price, the appraised value, the price differential is zero dollars.

"Prior round unit" means a housing unit that addresses a municipality's fair share obligation from a round prior to the fourth round of affordable housing obligations, including any unit that: (1) received substantive certification from COAH; (2) is part of a third-round settlement agreement or judgment of compliance approved by a court of competent jurisdiction, inclusive of units created pursuant to a zoning designation adopted as part of the settlement agreement or judgment of compliance to create a realistic opportunity for development; (3) is subject to a grant agreement or other contract with either the State or a political subdivision thereof entered into prior to July 1, 2025, pursuant to either item (1) or (2) above; or (4) otherwise addresses a municipality's fair share obligation from a round prior to the fourth round of affordable housing obligations. A unit created after the enactment of P.L. 2024, c. 2 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.1) on March 20, 2024, is not a prior round unit unless: (1) it is created pursuant to a prior round development plan or zoning designation that received COAH or court approval on or before the cutoff date of June 30, 2025, or the date that the municipality adopts the implementing ordinances and resolutions for the fourth round of affordable housing obligations, whichever occurs sooner; and (2) its siting and creation are consistent with the form of the prior round development plan or zoning designation in effect as of the cutoff date, without any amendment or variance.

"Program" means the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program, established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2024, c. 2 (C.52:27D-313.2).

"Random selection process" means a lottery process by which currently income-eligible applicant-households are selected, at random, for placement in affordable housing units such that no preference is given to one applicant over another, except in the case of a veterans' preference where such an agreement exists; for purposes of matching household income and size with an appropriately priced and sized affordable unit; or another purpose allowed pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.7(k)3. This definition excludes any practices that would allow affordable housing units to be leased or sold on a first-come, first-served basis.

"RCA administrator" means an appointed municipal employee who is responsible for oversight and/or administration of affordable units and associated revenues and expenditures within the municipality that were funded through regional contribution agreements.
"RCA project plan" means a past application, submitted by a receiving municipality in an RCA, delineating the manner in which the receiving municipality intended to create or rehabilitate low- and moderate-income housing.
"Receiving municipality" means, for the purposes of an RCA, a municipality that contractually agreed to assume a portion of another municipality's fair share obligation.
"Reconstruction" means any project where the extent and nature of the work is such that the work area cannot be occupied while the work is in progress and where a new certificate of occupancy is required before the work area can be reoccupied, pursuant to the Rehabilitation Subcode of the uniform Construction Code, N.J.A.C. 5:23-6. Reconstruction shall not include projects comprised only of floor finish replacement, painting or wallpapering, or the replacement of equipment or furnishings. Asbestos hazard abatement and lead hazard abatement projects shall not be classified as reconstruction solely because occupancy of the work area is not permitted.
"Recreational facilities and community centers" means any indoor or outdoor buildings, spaces, structures, or improvements intended for active or passive recreation, including, but not limited to, ballfields, meeting halls, and classrooms, accommodating either organized or informal activity.
"Regional contribution agreement" or "RCA" means a contractual agreement, pursuant to the Act, into which two municipalities voluntarily entered into and was approved by COAH and/or Superior Court prior to July 18, 2008, to transfer a portion of a municipality's affordable housing obligation to another municipality within its housing region.
"Regional median income" means the median income by household size for an applicable housing region, as calculated annually in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3.
"Rehabilitation" means the repair, renovation, alteration, or reconstruction of any building or structure, pursuant to the Rehabilitation Subcode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-6.
"Rent" means the gross monthly cost of a rental unit to the tenant, including the rent paid to the landlord, as well as an allowance for tenant-paid utilities computed in accordance with allowances published by DCA for its Section 8 program. With respect to units in assisted living residences, rent does not include charges for food and services.
"Residential development fee" means money paid by a developer for the improvement of residential property as permitted pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.2 and N.J.A.C. 5:99-3.2.
"Restricted unit" means a dwelling unit, whether a rental unit or ownership unit, that is subject to the affordability controls of this subchapter but does not include a market-rate unit that was financed pursuant to UHORP, MONI, or CHOICE.
"Spending plan" means a method of allocating funds contained in an affordable housing trust fund account, which includes, but is not limited to, development fees collected and to be collected pursuant to an approved municipal development fee ordinance, or pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.1 et seq., for the purpose of meeting the housing needs of low- and moderate-income individuals.
"State Development and Redevelopment Plan" or "State Plan" means the plan prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of the "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c. 398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.), designed to represent a balance of development and conservation objectives best suited to meet the needs of the State, and for the purpose of coordinating planning activities and establishing Statewide planning objectives in the areas of land use, housing, economic development, transportation, natural resource conservation, agriculture and farmland retention, recreation, urban and suburban redevelopment, historic preservation, public facilities and services, and intergovernmental coordination pursuant to subsection f. of section 5 of P.L.1985, c. 398 (C.52:18A-200).
"Supportive housing household" means a very low-, low- or moderate-income household certified as income eligible by an administrative agent in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.14, in which at least one member is an individual who requires supportive services to maintain housing stability and independent living and who is part of a population identified by federal or state statute, regulation, or program guidance as eligible for supportive or special needs housing. Such populations include, but are not limited to: persons with intellectual or developmental disabilities, persons with serious mental illness, person with head injuries (as defined in Section 2 of P.L. 1977), persons with

physical disabilities or chronic health conditions, persons who are homeless as defined by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development at 24 C.F.R. Part 578, survivors of domestic violence, youth aging out of foster care, and other special needs populations recognized under programs administered by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, the McKinney–Vento Act, or the New Jersey Department of Human Services. A supportive housing household may include family members, unrelated individuals, or live-in aides, provided that the household meets the income eligibility requirements of this subchapter, except that in the case of unrelated individuals not operating as a family unit, income eligibility shall be tested on an individual basis rather than in the aggregate; the unit is leased or sold subject to the affordability controls established herein; and the supportive services available to the household are designed to promote housing stability, independent living, and community integration. The determination of whether unrelated individuals are operating as a family unit shall be made based on the applicant's self-identification of household members on the affordable housing application.

"Supportive housing sponsoring program" means grant or loan program which provided financial assistance to the development of the unit.

"Supportive housing unit" means a restricted rental unit, as defined by N.J.S.A. 34:1B-21.24, that is affordable to very low-, low- or moderate-income households and is reserved for occupancy by a supportive housing household. Supportive housing units are also referred to as permanent supportive housing units.

"Transitional housing" means temporary housing that: (1) includes, but is not limited to, single-room occupancy housing or shared living and supportive living arrangements; (2) provides access to on-site or off-site supportive services for very low-income households who have recently been homeless or lack stable housing; (3) is licensed by the department; and (4) allows households to remain for a minimum of six months.

"Treasurer" means the Treasurer of the State of New Jersey.

"UHAC" means the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.

"UHORP" means the Agency's Urban Homeownership Recovery Program, as it was authorized by the Agency Board.

"Unit type" means type of dwelling unit with various building standards including but not limited to single-family detached, single-family attached/townhouse, stacked townhouse (attached building containing 2 units each with separate entrances), duplex (detached building containing 2 units each with separate entrances), triplex (3 units each with separate entrance), quadplex (4 units each with separate entrance), multifamily / flat (2 or more units with a shared entrance). Inclusion of a garage, or not, shall not define the unit type.

"Very-low-income household" means a household with a household income less than or equal to 30 percent of the regional median income.

"Very-low-income housing" means housing affordable according to the Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or other recognized standards for home ownership and rental costs and occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to 30 percent or less of the median gross household income for households of the same size within the housing region in which the housing is located.

"Very-low-income unit" means a restricted unit that is affordable to a very-low-income household.

"Veteran" means a veteran as defined at N.J.S.A. 54:4-8.10.

"Veterans' preference" means the agreement between a municipality and a developer or residential development owner that allows for low- to moderate-income veterans to be given preference for up to 50 percent of rental units in relevant projects, as provided for at N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311.j.

"Weatherization" means building insulation (for attic, exterior walls and crawl space), siding to improve energy efficiency, replacement storm windows, replacement storm doors, replacement windows and replacement doors and is considered a major system for rehabilitation.

§15-47 Monitoring and Reporting Requirements

A. The municipality shall comply with the following monitoring and reporting requirements regarding the status of the implementation of its court-approved Housing Element and Fair Share Plan:

(1) The municipality shall provide electronic monitoring data with the Department pursuant to P.L 2024, Chapter 2 and N.J.A.C. 5:99 through the Affordable Housing Monitoring System (AHMS). All monitoring

information required to be made public by the FHA shall be available to the public on the Department's website at https://www.nj.gov/dca/dlps/hss/MuniStatusReporting.shtml.

(2) On or before February 15 of each year, the municipality shall provide annual reporting of its municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund activity to the Department on the AHMS portal. The reporting shall include an accounting of all municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund activity, including the sources and amounts of funds collected and the amounts and purposes for which any funds have been expended, for the previous year from January 1st to December 31st.

(3) On or before February 15 of each year, the annual reporting of the status of all affordable housing activity shall be provided to the Department on the AHMS portal, for the previous year from January 1st to December 31st.

§15-48 Municipality-wide Mandatory Set-Aside

A. A development, other than single-family family detached, providing a minimum of five new housing units created through any municipal rezoning or Zoning Board action, use or density variance, redevelopment plan, or rehabilitation plan that provides for densities at or above six units per acre, is required to include an affordable housing set-aside of 20%.

B. Any affordable units generated through such mandatory set-aside shall be subject to all other provisions of this ordinance.

C. All such affordable units shall be governed by this ordinance the controls on affordability, including bedroom distribution, and affirmatively marketed to the housing region in conformance with UHAC at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq., any successor regulation, and all other applicable laws.

D. No subdivision shall be permitted or approved for the purpose of avoiding compliance with this requirement. Developers cannot, for example, subdivide a project into two lots and then make each of them a number of units just below the threshold.

E. The mandatory set-aside requirements of this section do not give any developer the right to any rezoning, variance or other relief, or establish any obligation on the part of the municipality to grant such rezoning, variance or other relief.

(1) This municipality-wide mandatory set-aside requirement does not apply to any sites or specific zones otherwise identified in the HEFSP, for which density and set-aside requirements shall be governed by the specific standards as set forth therein.

(2) In the event that the inclusionary set-aside of 20% of the total number of residential units does not result in a full integer, the developer shall round the set-aside upward to construct a whole additional affordable unit.

§15-49 New Construction

Per the definition of "New Construction," (per N.J.A.C. 5:93 as may be updated per various sections in N.J.A.C. 5:97 and N.J.S.A. 52:27D-302 et seq.) this section governs the creation of new affordable housing units regardless of the means by which the units are created. Newly constructed units may include new residences constructed or created through other means.

A. The following requirements apply to all new or planned developments that contain very low-, low- and moderate-income housing units. To the extent possible, details related to the adherence to the requirements below shall be outlined in the resolution granting municipal subdivision or site plan approval of the project to assist municipal representatives, developers and Administrative Agents.

B. Completion Schedule (previously known as phasing). Final site plan or subdivision approval shall be contingent upon the affordable housing development meeting the following completion schedule for very low-, low- and moderate-income units whether developed in a single-phase development, or in a multi-phase development:

Maximum Percentage of Market-Rate Units Issued a Temporary or Final Certificate of Occupancy	Minimum Percentage of Affordable Units Issued a Temporary or Final Certificate of Occupancy
25+1	10
50	50
75	75
90	100

C. Design. The following design requirements apply to affordable housing developments, excluding prior round units.

(1) Design of 100% affordable developments:
   (a) Restricted units must meet the minimum square footage required for the number of inhabitants for which the unit is marketed and the minimum square footage required for each bedroom, as set forth in the Neighborhood Preservation Balanced Housing rules at N.J.A.C. 5:43-2.4.
   (b) Each bedroom in each restricted unit must have at least one window.
   (c) Restricted units must include adequate air conditioning and heating.

(2) Design of developments comprising market-rate rental units and restricted rental units. The following does not apply to prior round units, unless stated otherwise.
   (a) Restricted units must use the same building materials and architectural design elements (for example, plumbing, insulation, or siding) as market-rate units of the same unit type (for example, flat or townhome) within the same development, except that restricted units and market-rate units may use different interior finishes. This shall apply to prior round units.
   (b) Restricted units and market-rate units within the same affordable development must be sited such that restricted units are not concentrated in less desirable locations.
   (c) Restricted units may not be physically clustered so as to segregate restricted and market-rate units within the same development or within the same building, but must be interspersed throughout the development, except that age-restricted and supportive housing units may be physically clustered if the clustering facilitates the provision of on-site medical services or on-site social services. Prior round affordable units shall be integrated with market rate units to the extent feasible.
   (d) Residents of restricted units must be offered the same access to communal amenities as residents of market-rate units within the same affordable development. Examples of communal amenities include, but are not limited to, community pools, fitness and recreation centers, playgrounds, common rooms and outdoor spaces, and building entrances and exits. This shall apply to prior round units.
   (e) Restricted units must include adequate air conditioning and heating and must use the same type of cooling and heating sources as market-rate units of the same unit type. This shall apply to prior round units.
   (f) Each bedroom in each restricted unit must have at least one window.
   (g) Restricted units must be of the same unit type as market-rate units within the same building.
   (h) Restricted units and bedrooms must be no less than 90 percent of the minimum size prescribed by the Neighborhood Preservation Balanced Housing rules at N.J.A.C. 5:43-2.4.

(3) Design of developments containing for-sale units, including those with a mix of rental and for-sale units. Restricted rental units shall meet the requirements of section b above. Restricted sale units shall comply with the following:
   (a) Restricted units must use the same building standards as market-rate units of the same unit type (for example, flat, townhome, or single-family home), except that restricted units and market-rate units may use different interior finishes. This shall apply to prior round units.
   (b) Restricted units may be clustered, provided that the buildings or housing product types containing the restricted units are integrated throughout the development and are not concentrated in an undesirable location or in undesirable locations. Prior round affordable units shall be integrated with market rate units to the extent feasible.
   (c) Restricted units may be of different unit housing product types than market-rate units, provided that there is a restricted option available for each market rate housing type. Developments containing market-rate duplexes, townhomes, and/or single-family homes shall offer restricted housing options that also include duplexes, townhomes, and/or single-family homes. Penthouses and higher priced end townhouses may be exempt from this requirement. The proper ratio for restricted to market-rate unit type shall be subject to municipal ordinance or, if not specified, shall be determined at the time of site plan approval.
   (d) Restricted units must meet the minimum square footage required for the number of inhabitants for which the unit is marketed and the minimum square footage required for each bedroom, as set forth in the Neighborhood Preservation Balanced Housing rules at N.J.A.C. 5:43-2.4.

(e) Penthouse and end units may be reserved for market-rate sale, provided that the overall number, value, and distribution of affordable units across the development is not negatively impacted by such reservation(s).
(f) Residents of restricted units must be offered the same access to communal amenities as residents of market-rate units within the same affordable development. Examples of communal amenities include, but are not limited to, community pools, fitness and recreation centers, playgrounds, common rooms and outdoor spaces, and building entrances and exits. This shall apply to prior round units.
(g) Each bedroom in each restricted unit must have at least one window; and
(h) Restricted units must include adequate air conditioning and heating.

D. Utilities.
(1) Affordable units shall utilize the same type of cooling and heating source as market-rate units within the affordable housing development.
(2) Tenant-paid utilities that are included in the utility allowance shall be stated in the lease and shall be consistent with the utility allowance in accordance with N.J.AC 5:80-26.13(e).

E. Low/moderate split and bedroom distribution.
(1) Affordable units shall be divided equally between low- and moderate-income units, except that where there is an odd number of affordable housing units, the extra unit shall be a low-income unit.
(2) In each affordable housing development, at least 50% of the restricted units within each bedroom distribution rounded up to the nearest whole number shall be very low- or low-income units.
(3) Within rental developments, of the total number of affordable rental units, at least 13%, rounded up to the nearest whole number, shall be affordable to very low-income households. The very low-income units shall be distributed between each bedroom count as proportionally as possible, to the nearest whole unit, to the total number of restricted units within each bedroom count and counted as part of the required number of low-income units within the development.
(4) Affordable housing developments that are not age-restricted or supportive housing shall be structured such that:
(a) At a minimum, the number of bedrooms within the restricted units equals twice the number of restricted units;
(b) Two-bedroom and/or three-bedroom units compose at least 50 percent of all restricted units;
(c) The combined number of efficiency and one-bedroom units shall be no greater than 20%, rounded down, of the total number of low- and moderate-income units.
(d) At least 30% of all low- and moderate-income units rounded up shall be two-bedroom units.
(e) At least 20% of all low- and moderate-income units rounded up shall be three-bedroom units.
(f) The remaining units may be allocated among two- and three- bedroom units at the discretion of the developer.
(5) Affordable housing developments that are age-restricted or supportive housing, except those supportive housing units whose sponsoring program determines the unit arrangements, shall be structured such that, at a minimum, the number of bedrooms shall equal the number of age-restricted or supportive housing low- and moderate-income units within the inclusionary development. Supportive housing units whose sponsoring program determines the unit arrangement shall comply with all requirements of the sponsoring program. The standard may be met by having all one-bedroom units or by having a two-bedroom unit for each efficiency unit. In affordable housing developments with 20 or more restricted units that are age-restricted or supportive housing, two-bedroom units must comprise at least 5% of those restricted units.

F. Accessibility requirements.
(1) Any new construction shall be adaptable; however, elevators shall not be required in any building or within any dwelling unit for the purpose of compliance with this section. In buildings without elevator service, only ground floor dwelling units shall be required to be constructed to conform with the technical design standards of the barrier free subcode. “Ground floor” means the first floor with a dwelling unit or portion of a dwelling unit, regardless of whether that floor is at grade. A building may have more than one ground floor.

(2) Notwithstanding the exemption for townhouse dwelling units in the barrier free subcode, the first floor of all townhouse dwelling units and of all other multi-floor dwelling units that are attached to at least one other dwelling unit shall be subject to the technical design standards of the barrier free subcode and shall include the following features:

(a) An adaptable toilet and bathing facility on the first floor;

(b) An adaptable kitchen on the first floor;

(c) An interior accessible route of travel however an interior accessible route of travel shall not be required between stories;

(d) An adaptable room that can be used as a bedroom, with a door, or the casing for the installation of a door that is compliant with the Barrier Free Subcode, on the first floor;

(e) If not all of the foregoing requirements in 2(a) through 2(d) can be satisfied, then an interior accessible route of travel shall be provided between stories within an individual unit; and

(f) An accessible entranceway as set forth in P.L. 2005, c. 350 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311a et seq.) and the Barrier Free Subcode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7, or evidence that the municipality has collected funds from the developer sufficient to make 10% of the adaptable entrances in the development accessible:

1. Where a unit has been constructed with an adaptable entrance, upon the request of a disabled person who is purchasing or will reside in the dwelling unit, an accessible entrance shall be installed.
2. To this end, the builder of restricted units shall deposit funds within the Affordable Housing Trust Fund sufficient to install accessible entrances in 10% of the affordable units that have been constructed with adaptable entrances.
3. The funds deposited shall be expended for the sole purpose of making the adaptable entrance of an affordable unit accessible when requested to do so by a person with a disability who occupies or intends to occupy the unit and requires an accessible entrance.
4. The developer of the restricted units shall submit to the Construction Official a design plan and cost estimate for the conversion from adaptable to accessible entrances.
5. Once the Construction Official has determined that the design plan to convert the unit entrances from adaptable to accessible meets the requirements of the Barrier Free Subcode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7, and that the cost estimate of such conversion is reasonable, payment shall be made to the Affordable Housing Trust Fund and earmarked appropriately.

(g) Full compliance with the foregoing provisions shall not be required where an entity can demonstrate that it is "site-impracticable" to meet the requirements. If full compliance with this section would be site impracticable, compliance with this section for any portion of the dwelling shall be required to the extent that it is not site impracticable. Determinations of site impracticability shall comply with the Barrier Free Subcode at N.J.A.C. 5:23-7.

§15-50 Affordable Housing Programs

A. Pursuant to amended UHAC regulations at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq. and, in addition, pursuant to P.L. 2024, c.2 and specifically to the amended FHA at N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311.m, "All parties shall be entitled to rely upon regulations on municipal credits, adjustments, and compliance mechanisms adopted by the Council on Affordable Housing unless those regulations are contradicted by statute, including but not limited to P.L. 2024, c.2, or binding court decisions." The following are many of the main provisions of the COAH regulations at either N.J.A.C. 5:93 or 5:97 that have been upheld by the NJ Supreme Court. Municipalities should consult the cited full COAH regulations when preparing the HEFSP for required documentation, etc. Additional compliance details may also be included in the specific municipal program manual.

B. Supportive Housing and Group Homes (per N.J.A.C. 5:97-6.10).

(1) The following provisions apply to group homes, residential health care facilities, and supportive shared living housing:

(a) Units are subject to Affirmative Marketing requirements, household certification, and administrative agent oversight; and may, with the approval of the municipal housing liaison and the administrative agent, be leased either by the bedroom or to a single household in the case

of multi-bedroom configurations, provided such arrangement is consistent with the Federal Fair Housing Act (Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968).

(b) Units may, with the approval of the administrative agent, be subject to a master lease by an approved supportive housing operator, provided that all subleases are to be certified supportive housing households and remain fully subject to the affordability controls of this subchapter. Rents for supportive housing units shall not exceed the rent standards established and published by the New Jersey Department of Human Services.

(c) The unit of credit shall be the bedroom. However, the unit of credit shall be the unit if occupied by a single person or household.

(d) Housing that is age-restricted shall be included with the maximum number of units that may be age-restricted pursuant to the Act.

(e) Occupancy shall not be restricted to youth under 18 years of age.

(f) In affordable developments with 20 or more restricted units that are supportive housing, two-bedroom units must compose at least five percent of those restricted units.

(g) The bedrooms and/or units shall comply with UHAC with the following exceptions:

1. Affirmative marketing; however, group homes, residential health care facilities, permanent supportive housing, and supportive shared living housing shall be affirmatively marketed to broadest possible population of qualified individuals with special needs in accordance with a plan approved by the sponsoring program;
2. Affordability average and bedroom distribution (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4).

(h) With the exception of units established with capital funding through a 20-year operating contract with the Department of Human Services, Division of Developmental Disabilities, group homes, residential health care facilities, supportive shared living housing and permanent supportive housing shall have the appropriate controls on affordability in accordance with the Act. In the event that a supportive housing provider is unable to record or execute a long-term deed restriction, the units shall be subject to annual recertification by the Municipal Housing Liaison to confirm continued occupancy and compliance with this Section.

(i) Objective standards shall be applied in the selection of tenants for supportive housing units and shall be designed to ensure that individuals are not excluded in an arbitrary or capricious manner.

(j) The following documentation shall be submitted by the sponsor to the municipality prior to marketing the completed units or facility:

1. An Affirmative Marketing Plan in accordance with §15-53, below; and
2. If applicable, proof that the supportive and/or special needs housing is regulated by the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services, the New Jersey Department of Human Services or another State agency in accordance with the requirements of this section, which includes validation of the number of bedrooms or units in which low- or moderate-income occupants reside.

(k) The sponsor/owner shall complete annual monitoring as directed by the MHL.

§15-51 Regional Income Limits

A. Administrative agents shall use the current regional income limits for the purpose of pricing affordable units and determining income eligibility of households.

B. Regional income limits are based on regional median income, which is established by a regional weighted average of the "median family incomes" published by HUD. The procedure for computing the regional median income is detailed in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3.

C. Updated regional income limits are effective as of the effective date of the regional Section 8 income limits for the year, as published by HUD, or 45 days after HUD publishes the regional Section 8 income limits for the year, whichever comes later. The new income limits may not be less than those of the previous year.

§15-52 Maximum Initial Rental Sales Prices

A. In establishing rents and sales prices of affordable housing units, the Administrative Agent shall follow the procedures set forth in UHAC N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4.

B. The average rent for all restricted units within each affordable housing development shall be affordable to households earning no more than 52 % of regional median income.
C. The maximum rent for restricted rental units within each affordable housing development shall be affordable to households earning no more than 60% of regional median income.
D. The developers and/or municipal sponsors of restricted rental units shall establish at least one rent for each bedroom type for both low-income and moderate-income units, provided that at least 13% of all low- and moderate-income rental units shall be affordable to households earning no more than 30% of median income. These very low-income units shall be part of the low-income requirement and very-low-income units should be distributed between each bedroom count as proportionally as possible, to the nearest whole unit, to the total number of restricted units within each bedroom count.
E. The maximum sales price of restricted ownership units within each affordable housing development shall be affordable to households earning no more than 70% of median income, and each affordable housing development must achieve an affordability average that does not exceed 55% for all restricted ownership units. In achieving this affordability average, moderate-income ownership units must be available for at least three different prices for each bedroom type, and low-income ownership units must be available for at least two different prices for each bedroom type when the number of low- and moderate-income units permits.
F. The master deeds and declarations of covenants and restrictions for affordable developments may not distinguish between restricted units and market-rate units in the calculation of any condominium or homeowner association fees and special assessments to be paid by low and moderate-income purchasers and those to be paid by market-rate purchasers. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, condominium units subject to a municipal ordinance adopted before December 20, 2004, which ordinance provides for condominium or homeowner association fees and/or assessments different from those provided for in this subsection are governed by the ordinance.
G. In determining the initial sales prices and rents for compliance with the affordability average requirements for restricted family units, the following standards shall be met:
    (1) A studio or efficiency unit shall be affordable to a one-person household;
    (2) A one-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a one and one-half person household;
    (3) A two-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a three-person household;
    (4) A three-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a four and one-half person household; and
    (5) A four-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a six-person household.
H. In determining the initial rents and sales prices for compliance with the affordability average requirements for restricted units in assisted living facilities and age-restricted and special needs and supportive housing developments, the following standards shall be met:
    (1) A studio or efficiency unit shall be affordable to a one-person household;
    (2) A one-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a one and one-half person household; and
    (3) A two-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a two-person household or to two one-person households. Where pricing is based on two one-person households, the developer shall provide a list of units so priced to the Municipal Housing Liaison and the Administrative Agent.
I. The initial purchase price for all restricted ownership units shall be calculated so that the monthly carrying cost of the unit, including principal and interest (based on a mortgage loan equal to 95 percent of the purchase price and the FreddieMac 30-Year Fixed Rate-Mortgage rate of interest), property taxes, homeowner and private mortgage insurance and condominium or homeowner association fees do not exceed 30 percent of the eligible monthly income of the appropriate size household as determined pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.7, as may be amended and supplemented; provided, however, that the price shall be subject to the affordability average requirement of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4, as may be amended and supplemented.
J. The initial rent for a restricted rental unit shall be calculated so that the total monthly housing expense, including an allowance for tenant-paid utilities, does not exceed 30 percent of the gross monthly income of a household of the appropriate size whose income is targeted to the applicable percentage of median income for the unit, as determined pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3, as may be amended and supplemented. The rent shall also comply with the affordability average requirement of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4, as may be amended and supplemented. The initial rent for a restricted rental unit shall be calculated so the eligible monthly housing expenses/income, including an allowance for tenant-paid utilities does not exceed 30 percent of gross income of and the appropriate household size as determined pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3, as may be amended and supplemented.

K. At the anniversary date of the tenancy of the certified household occupying a restricted rental unit, following proper notice provided to the occupant household pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:18-61.1.f, the rent may be increased to an amount commensurate with the annual percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U), specifically U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Series CUUR0100SAH, titled "Housing in Northeast urban, all urban consumers, not seasonally adjusted." Rent increases for units constructed pursuant to Low-Income Housing Tax Credit regulations shall be indexed pursuant to the regulations governing Low-Income Housing Tax Credits.

§15-53 Affirmative Marketing

A. The municipality shall adopt, by resolution, an Affirmative Marketing Plan, subject to approval of the Superior Court, compliant with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16, as may be amended and supplemented.

B. The Affirmative Marketing Plan is a regional marketing strategy designed to attract buyers and/or renters of all majority and minority groups, regardless of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, marital or familial status, gender, affectional or sexual orientation, disability, age, or number of children, to housing units which are being marketed by a developer, sponsor or owner of affordable housing. The Affirmative Marketing Plan is intended to target those potentially eligible persons who are least likely to apply for affordable units in that region. It is a continuing program that directs all marketing activities toward Housing Region 4 and is required to be followed throughout the period of deed restriction.

C. The Affirmative Marketing Plan provides the following preferences, provided that units that remain unoccupied after these preferences are exhausted may be offered to households without regard to these preferences.

(1) Where the municipality has entered into an agreement with a developer or residential development owner to provide a preference for very-low-,low-, and moderate-income veterans who served in time of war or other emergency, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311.j, there shall be a preference for veterans for up to 50 percent of the restricted rental units in a particular project.

(2) There shall be a regional preference for all households that live and/or work in Housing Region 4 comprising Monmouth, Mercer and Ocean Counties.

(3) Subordinate to the regional preference, there shall be a preference for households that live and/or work in New Jersey.

(4) With respect to existing restricted units undergoing approved rehabilitation for the purpose of preservation or to restricted units newly created to replace existing restricted units undergoing demolition, a preference for the very-low-, low-, and moderate-income households that are displaced by the rehabilitation or demolition and replacement.

D. The municipality has the ultimate responsibility for adopting the Affirmative Marketing Plan and for the proper administration of the Affirmative Marketing Process, including the marketing of initial sales and rentals and re-sales and re-rentals. The Administrative Agent designated by the municipality shall implement the Affirmative Marketing Process to ensure the Affirmative Marketing of all affordable units, with the exception of affordable programs that are exempt from Affirmative Marketing as noted herein.

E. The Affirmative Marketing Process shall describe the media to be used in advertising and publicizing the availability of housing. In implementing the Affirmative Marketing Process, the Administrative Agent shall consider the use of language translations where appropriate.

F. Applications for affordable housing or notices thereof, if offered online, shall be available in several locations, including, at a minimum, the County Administration Building and/or the County Library for each county within the housing region; the municipal administration building and municipal library in the municipality in which the units are located; and the developer's rental or sales office. The developer shall mail applications to prospective applicants upon request and shall make applications available through a secure online website address.

G. In addition to other Affirmative Marketing strategies, the Administrative Agent shall provide specific notice of the availability of affordable housing units on the New Jersey Housing Resource Center website. Any other entities, including developers or persons or companies retained to implement the Affirmative Marketing Process, shall comply with this paragraph.

H. In implementing the Affirmative Marketing Process, the Administrative Agent shall provide a list of counseling services to low- and moderate-income applicants on subjects such as budgeting, credit issues, mortgage qualification, rental lease requirements, and landlord/tenant law.

I. The Affirmative Marketing Process for available affordable units shall begin at least four months (120 days) prior to the expected date of occupancy.

J. The cost to affirmatively market the affordable units shall be the responsibility of the developer, sponsor or owner, with the exception of Affirmative Marketing for re-sales.

§15-54 Selection of Occupants of Affordable Housing Units

A. The Administrative Agent shall use a random selection process to select occupants of very low-, low- and moderate-income housing.

B. A pool of interested households will be maintained in accordance with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16.

§15-55 Occupancy Standards

A. In referring certified households to specific restricted units, to the extent feasible, and without causing an undue delay in occupying the unit, the Administrative Agent shall strive to:

(1) Ensure each bedroom is occupied by at least one person, except for age-restricted and supportive and special needs housing units;

(2) Provide a bedroom for every two adult occupants;

(3) With regard to occupants under the age of 18, accommodate the household's requested arrangement, except that such arrangement may not result in more than two occupants under the age of 18 occupying any bedroom; and

(4) Avoid placing a one-person household into a unit with more than one bedroom.

§15-56 Control Periods for Restricted Ownership and Enforcement Mechanisms

A. Control periods for restricted ownership units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80- 26.6, as may be amended and supplemented, and each restricted ownership unit shall remain subject to the controls on affordability for a period of at least 30 years subject to the requirements of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6, as may be amended and supplemented.

B. Rehabilitated housing units that are improved to code standards shall be subject to affordability controls for a period of not less than 10 years (crediting towards present need only).

C. The affordability control period for a restricted ownership unit shall commence on the date the initial certified household takes title to the unit. The date of commencement shall be identified in the deed restriction.

D. If existing affordability controls are being extended, the extended control period for a restricted ownership unit commences on the effective date of the extension, which is the end of the original control period.

E. After the end of any control period, the restricted ownership unit remains subject to the affordability controls set forth in this subchapter until the owner gives notice of their intent to make an exit sale, at which point:

(1) If the municipality exercises the right to extend the affordability controls on the unit, no exit sale occurs and a new control period commences; or

(2) If the municipality does not exercise the right to extend the affordability controls on the unit, the affordability controls terminate following the exit sale.

F. Prior to the issuance of any building permit for the construction/rehabilitation of restricted ownership units, the developer/owner and the municipality shall record a preliminary instrument provided by the Administrative Agent.

G. Prior to the issuance of the initial certificate of occupancy for a restricted ownership unit and upon each successive sale during the period of restricted ownership, the Administrative Agent shall determine the restricted price for the unit and shall also determine the nonrestricted, fair market value of the unit based on either an appraisal or the unit's equalized assessed value without the restrictions in place.

H. At the time of the initial sale of the unit and upon each successive price-restricted sale, the initial purchaser shall execute and deliver to the Administrative Agent a recapture note obliging the purchaser, as well as the purchaser's heirs, successors, and assigns, to repay, upon the first non-exempt sale after the unit's release from the restrictions set forth in this Ordinance, an amount equal to the difference between the unit's non-restricted fair market value and its restricted price, and the recapture note shall be secured by a recapture lien evidenced by a duly recorded mortgage on the unit.

I. The affordability controls set forth in this Ordinance shall remain in effect despite the entry and enforcement of any judgment of foreclosure with respect to price-restricted ownership units.

§15-57 Price Restrictions for Restricted Ownership Units and Re-sale Prices

A. Price restrictions for restricted ownership units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.7, as may be amended and supplemented, including:
   (1) The initial purchase price and affordability percentage for a restricted ownership unit shall be set by the Administrative Agent.
   (2) The Administrative Agent shall approve all re-sale prices, in writing and in advance of the re-sale, to assure compliance with the standards set forth in N.J.A.C 5:80-26.7.
      (a) If the re-sale occurs prior to the one-year anniversary of the date on which title to the unit was transferred to a certified household, the maximum re-sale price for a is the most recent non-exempt purchase price.
      (b) If the re-sale occurs on or after such anniversary date, the maximum re-sale price is the most recent non-exempt purchase price increased to reflect the cumulative annual percentage increases to the regional median income, effective as of the same date as the regional median income calculated pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3.
   (3) The owners of restricted ownership units may apply to the Administrative Agent to increase the maximum sales price for the unit on the basis of anticipated capital improvements. Eligible capital improvements shall be:
      (a) Those that render the unit suitable for a larger household or the addition of a bathroom.
      (b) The maximum re-sale price may be further increased by an amount up to the cumulative dollar value of approved capital improvements made after the last non-exempt sale for improvements and/or upgrades to the unit, excluding capital improvements paid for by the entity favored on the recapture note and recapture lien described at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6(d).
   (4) No increase for capital improvements is permitted if the maximum re-sale price prior to adjusting for capital improvements already exceeds whatever initial purchase price the unit would have if it were being offered for purchase for the first time at the initial affordability percentage. All adjustments for capital improvements are subject to 10-year, straight-line depreciation.

B. Upon the re-sale of a restricted ownership unit, all items of property that are permanently affixed to the unit or were included when the unit was initially restricted (for example, refrigerator, range, washer, dryer, dishwasher, wall-to-wall carpeting) shall be included in the maximum allowable re-sale price. Other items may be sold to the purchaser at a reasonable price that has been approved by the Administrative Agent at the time of the signing of the agreement to purchase but shall be separate and apart from any contract of sale for the underlying real estate. The purchase of central air conditioning installed subsequent to the initial sale of the unit and not included in the base price may be made a condition of the unit re-sale provided the price of the air conditioning equipment, which shall be subject to 10-year, straight-line depreciation, has been approved by the Administrative Agent. Unless otherwise approved by the Administrative Agent, the purchase of any property other than central air conditioning shall not be made a condition of the unit re-sale. The seller and the purchaser must personally certify at the time of closing that no unapproved transfer of funds for the purpose of selling and receiving property has taken place at the time of or as a condition of re-sale.

§15-58 Buyer Income Eligibility

A. Buyer income eligibility for restricted ownership units shall be established pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.17, as may be amended and supplemented, such that very low-income ownership units shall be reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income less than or equal to 30% of median income, low-income ownership units shall be reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income less than or equal to 50% of median income and moderate-income ownership units shall be reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income less than 80% of median income.

B. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Administrative Agent may, upon approval by the municipality, and subject to the Division's approval, permit a moderate-income purchaser to buy a low-income unit if and only if the Administrative Agent can demonstrate that there is an insufficient number of eligible low-income purchasers in the housing region to permit prompt occupancy of the unit and all other reasonable efforts to attract a low-income purchaser, including pricing and financing incentives, have failed. Any such low-income unit that is sold to a moderate-income household shall retain the required pricing and pricing restrictions for a low-income unit. Similarly, the administrative agent may permit low-income purchasers to buy very-low-income units in housing markets where, as determined by the Division, units are reserved for very-low-income purchasers, but there is an

insufficient number of very-low-income purchasers to permit prompt occupancy of the units. In such instances, the purchased unit must be maintained as a very-low-income unit and sold at a very-low-income price point such that on the next re-sale the unit will still be affordable to very-low-income households and able to be purchased by a very-low-income household. A very-low-income unit that is seeking bonus credit pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311.k(9) must first be advertised exclusively as a very-low-income unit according to the Affirmative Marketing requirements at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16, then advertised as a very-low-income or low-income unit for at least 30 additional days prior to referring any low-income household to the unit.

C. A certified household that purchases a restricted ownership unit must occupy it as the certified household's principal residence and shall not lease the unit; provided, however, that the Administrative Agent may permit the owner of a restricted ownership unit, upon application and a showing of hardship, to lease the restricted unit to another certified household for a period not to exceed one year.

D. The Administrative Agent shall certify a household as eligible for a restricted ownership unit when the household is a low-income household or a moderate-income household, as applicable to the unit, and the estimated monthly housing cost for the particular unit (including principal, interest, property taxes, homeowner and private mortgage insurance and condominium or homeowner association fees, as applicable) does not exceed 35 percent of the household's eligible monthly income; provided, however, that this limit may be exceeded if one or more of the following circumstances exists:
   (1) The household currently pays more than 35% (40% for households eligible for age-restricted units) of its gross household income for housing expenses, and the proposed housing expenses will reduce its housing costs;
   (2) The household has consistently paid more than 35% (40% for households eligible for age-restricted units) of eligible monthly income for housing expenses in the past and has proven its ability to pay;
   (3) The household is currently in substandard or overcrowded living conditions;
   (4) The household documents the existence of assets, within the asset limitation otherwise applicable, with which the household proposes to supplement the rent payments.

§15-59 Limitations on Indebtedness Secured by Ownership Unit; Subordination

A. Prior to incurring any indebtedness to be secured by a restricted ownership unit, the owner shall apply to the Administrative Agent for a determination in writing that the proposed indebtedness complies with the provisions of this Section, and the Administrative Agent shall issue such determination prior to the owner incurring such indebtedness.

B. With the exception of original purchase money mortgages, neither an owner nor a lender shall at any time during the control period cause or permit the total indebtedness secured by a restricted ownership unit to exceed 95% of the maximum allowable re-sale price of that unit, as such price is determined by the Administrative Agent in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.7(c).

§15-60 Control Periods for Restricted Rental Units

A. Control periods for units that meet the definition of prior round units shall be pursuant to the 2001 UHAC rules originally adopted October 1, 2001, 33 N.J.R. 3432, and amended December 20, 2004, 36 N.J.R. 5713 and shall remain subject to the requirements of this ordinance for a period of at least 30 years as applicable unless otherwise indicated.

B. Other than for prior round units, control periods for restricted rental units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.12, as may be amended and supplemented, and each restricted rental unit shall remain subject to the requirements of this Ordinance for a period of at least 40 years. Restricted rental units created as part of developments receiving 9% Low-Income Housing Tax Credits must comply with a control period of not less than a 30-year compliance period plus a 15-year extended use period for a total of 45 years.

C. The affordability control period for a restricted rental unit shall commence on the first date that a unit is issued a certificate of occupancy following the execution of the deed restriction or, if affordability controls are being extended, on the effective date of the extension, which is the end of the original control period.

D. Rehabilitated renter-occupied housing units that are improved to code standards shall be subject to affordability controls for a period of not less than 10 years.

E. Prior to the issuance of any building permit for the construction/rehabilitation of restricted rental units, the developer/owner and the municipality shall record a preliminary instrument provided by the Administrative Agent.

F. Deeds of all real property that include restricted rental units shall contain deed restriction language. The deed restriction shall have priority over all mortgages on the property. The deed restriction shall be recorded by the developer with the county records office, and provided as filed and recorded, to the Administrative Agent within 30 days of the receipt of a certificate of occupancy.

G. A restricted rental unit shall remain subject to the affordability controls of this Ordinance despite the occurrence of any of the following events:

(1) Sublease or assignment of the lease of the unit;

(2) Sale or other voluntary transfer of the ownership of the unit;

(3) The entry and enforcement of any judgment of foreclosure on the property containing the unit; or

(4) The end of the control period, until the occupant household vacates the unit, or is certified as over-income and the controls are released in accordance with UHAC.

§15-61 Rent Restrictions for Rental Units; Leases and Fees

A. The initial rent for a restricted rental unit shall be set by the Administrative Agent.

B. A written lease shall be required for all restricted rental units, except for units in an assisted living residence, and tenants shall be responsible for security deposits and the full amount of the rent as stated on the lease. A copy of the current lease for each restricted rental unit shall be retained on file by the Administrative Agent.

C. No additional fees, operating costs, or charges shall be added to the approved rent (except, in the case of units in an assisted living residence, to cover the customary charges for food and services) without the express written approval of the Administrative Agent.

(1) Operating costs, for the purposes of this section, include certificate of occupancy fees, move-in fees, move-out fees, mandatory internet fees, mandatory cable fees, mandatory utility submetering fees, and for developments with more than one and a half off-street parking spaces per unit, parking fees for one parking space per household.

D. Any fee structure that would remove or limit affordable unit occupant access to any amenities or services that are required or included for market-rate unit occupants is prohibited. Application fees (including the charge for any credit check) shall not exceed 5% of the monthly rent of the applicable restricted unit to be applied to the costs of administering the controls applicable to the unit as set forth in this Ordinance.

E. Fees for unit-specific, non-communal items that are charged to market-rate unit tenants on an optional basis, such as pet fees for tenants with pets, storage spaces, bicycle-share programs, or one-time rentals of party or media rooms, may also be charged to affordable unit tenants, if applicable.

F. Pet fees may not exceed $30.00 per month and associated one-time payments for optional fees pertaining to pets, such as a pet cleaning fee, are prohibited.

G. Fees charged to affordable unit tenants for other optional, unit-specific, non-communal items shall not exceed the amounts charged to market-rate tenants.

H. For any prior round rental unit leased before December 20, 2024, elements of the existing fee structure that are consistent with prior rules, but inconsistent with 5:80-26.13(c)1, may continue until the occupant household's current lease term expires or that occupant household vacates the unit, whichever occurs later.

§15-62 Tenant Income Eligibility

A. Tenant income eligibility shall be determined pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.14, as may be amended and supplemented, and shall be determined as follows:

(1) Very low-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than or equal to 30% of the regional median income by household size.

(2) Low-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than or equal to 50% of the regional median income by household size.

(3) Moderate-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than 80% of the regional median income by household size.

B. The Administrative Agent shall certify a household as eligible for a restricted rental unit when the household is a very low-income, low-income or moderate-income household, as applicable to the unit, and the rent proposed for the unit does not exceed 35% (40% for age-restricted units) of the household's eligible monthly income as determined pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.17, as may be amended and supplemented; provided, however, that this limit may be exceeded if one or more of the following circumstances exists:

(1) The household currently pays more than 35% (40% for households eligible for age-restricted units) of its gross household income for rent, and the proposed rent will reduce its housing costs;
(2) The household has consistently paid more than 35% (40% for households eligible for age-restricted units) of eligible monthly income for rent in the past and has proven its ability to pay;
(3) The household is currently in substandard or overcrowded living conditions;
(4) The household documents the existence of assets with which the household proposes to supplement the rent payments; or
(5) The household documents reliable anticipated third-party assistance from an outside source such as a family member in a form acceptable to the Administrative Agent and the owner of the unit.

C. The applicant shall file documentation sufficient to establish the existence of any of the circumstances in B(1) through B(5) above with the Administrative Agent, who shall counsel the household on budgeting.

§15-63 Municipal Housing Liaison.

A. The Municipal Housing Liaison shall be approved by municipal resolution.
B. The Municipal Housing Liaison shall be approved by the Division, or is in the process of getting approval, and fully or conditionally meets the requirements for qualifications, including initial and periodic training as set forth in in N.J.A.C. 5:99-1 et seq.
C. The Municipal Housing Liaison shall be responsible for oversight and administration of the affordable housing program, including the following responsibilities, which may not be contracted out to the Administrative Agent:
(1) Serving as the primary point of contact for all inquiries from the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program, the State, affordable housing providers, administrative agents and interested households.
(2) The oversight of the Affirmative Marketing Plan and affordability controls.
(3) When applicable, overseeing and monitoring any contracting Administrative Agent.
(4) Overseeing the monitoring of the status of all restricted units listed in the Fair Share Plan.
(5) Verifying, certifying and providing annual information within AHMS at such time and in such form as required by the Division.
(6) Coordinating meetings with affordable housing providers and administrative agents, as needed.
(7) Attending continuing education opportunities on affordability controls, compliance monitoring, and affirmative marketing as offered or approved by the Division.
(8) Overseeing the recording of a preliminary instrument in the form set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 for each affordable housing development.
(9) Coordinating with the Administrative Agent, municipal attorney and municipal Construction Code Official to ensure that permits are not issued unless the document required in C(8) above has been duly recorded.
(10) Listing on the municipal website contact information for the MHL and Administrative Agents.

§15-64 Administrative Agent

A. All municipalities that have created or will create affordable housing programs and/or affordable units shall designate or approve, for each project within its HEFSP, an administrative agent to administer the affordable housing program and/or affordable housing units in accordance with the requirements of the FHA, NJAC 5:99-1 et seq. and UHAC.
B. The fees for administrative agents shall be paid as follows:
(1) Administrative agent fees related to rental units shall be paid by the developer/owner.
(2) Administrative agent fees related to initial sale of units shall be paid by the developer.
(3) Administrative agent fees related to re-sales shall be paid by the seller of the affordable home.
(4) Administrative agent fees related to ongoing administration and enforcement shall be paid by the municipality.
C. An Operating Manual for each affordable housing program shall be provided by the Administrative Agent(s). The Operating Manual(s) shall be available for public inspection in the Office of the Clerk and in the office(s) of the Administrative Agent(s). Operating manuals shall be adopted by resolution of the Governing Body.
D. Subject to the role of the Administrative Agent(s), the duties and responsibilities as are set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:99-7and which are described in full detail in the Operating Manual, including those set forth in UHAC, include:
(1) Attending continuing education opportunities on affordability controls, compliance monitoring, and affirmative marketing as offered or approved by the Division;

(2) Affirmative marketing:
   (a) Conducting an outreach process to affirmatively market affordable housing units in accordance with the Affirmative Marketing Plan of the municipality and the provisions of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16.
   (b) Providing counseling, or contracting to provide counseling services, to low- and moderate-income applicants on subjects such as budgeting, credit issues, mortgage qualification, rental lease requirements; and landlord/tenant law.

(3) Household certification.
   (a) Soliciting, scheduling, conducting and following up on interviews with interested households.
   (b) Conducting interviews and obtaining sufficient documentation of gross income and assets upon which to base a determination of income eligibility for a low- or moderate-income unit;
   (c) Providing written notification to each applicant as to the determination of eligibility or non-eligibility within 5 days of the determination thereof.
   (d) Requiring that all certified applicants for restricted units execute a certificate substantially in the firm, as applicable, of either the ownership or rental certificates set forth in the Appendices J and K of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq.
   (e) Creating and maintaining a referral list of eligible applicant households living in the housing region, and eligible applicant households with members working in the housing region, where the units are located.
   (f) Employing a random selection process as provided in the Affirmative Marketing Plan when referring households for certification to affordable units.

(4) Affordability controls.
   (a) Furnishing to attorneys or closing agents forms of deed restrictions and mortgages for the recording at the time of conveyance of title of each restricted unit.
   (b) Ensuring that the removal of the deed restrictions and cancellation of the mortgage note are effectuated and filed properly with the County Register of Deeds or County Clerk's office after the termination of the affordability controls for each restricted unit in accordance with UHAC.
   (c) Communicating with lenders and the Municipal Housing Liaison regarding foreclosures.
   (d) Ensuring the issuance of Continuing Certificates of Occupancy or certifications pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.11.

(5) Records retention.
   (a) Creating and maintaining a file on each restricted unit for its control period, including the recorded deed with restrictions, recorded recapture mortgage, and note, as appropriate.
   (b) Records received, retained, retrieved, or transmitted in furtherance of crediting affordable units of a municipality constitute public records of the municipality as defined by N.J.S.A. 47:3-16, and are legal property of the municipality.

(6) Re-sales and re-rentals.
   (a) Instituting and maintaining an effective means of communicating information between owners and the Administrative Agent regarding the availability of restricted units for re-sale or re-rental.
   (b) Instituting and maintaining an effective means of communicating information to very low, low, or moderate-income households regarding the availability of restricted units for re-sale or re-rental.

(7) Processing requests from unit owners.
   (a) Reviewing and approving requests from owners of restricted units who wish to refinance or take out home equity loans during the term of their ownership to determine that the amount of indebtedness to be incurred will not violate the terms of this ordinance.
   (b) Reviewing and approving requests to increase sales prices from owners of restricted units who wish to make capital improvements to the units that would affect the selling price, such authorizations to be limited to those improvements resulting in additional bedrooms or bathrooms and the depreciated cost of central air conditioning systems.
   (c) Notifying the municipality of an owner's intent to sell a restricted unit.
   (d) Making determinations on requests by owners of restricted units for hardship waivers.

(8) Enforcement.
   (a) Securing annually from the municipality a list of all affordable ownership units for which property tax bills are mailed to absentee owners, and notifying all such owners that they must either move back to their unit or sell it;
   (b) Securing from all developers and sponsors of restricted units, at the earliest point of contact in the processing of the project or development, written acknowledgement of the requirement that no restricted unit can be offered, or in any other way committed, to any person, other than a household duly certified to the unit by the Administrative Agent;
   (c) Sending annual mailings to all owners of affordable dwelling units reminding them of the notices and requirements outlined in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.19(d)4;
   (d) Establishing a program for diverting unlawful rent payments to the municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund; and
   (e) Creating and publishing a written operating manual for each affordable housing program administered by the Administrative Agent setting forth procedures for administering the affordability controls.

(9) The Administrative Agent(s) shall, as delegated by the municipality, have the authority to take all actions necessary and appropriate to carry out its/their responsibilities, herein.

§15-65 Responsibilities of the Owner of a Development Containing Affordable Units

A. The owner of all developments containing affordable units subject to this subchapter or the assigned management company thereof shall provide to the administrative agent:
   (1) Site plan, architectural plan, or other plan that identifies the location of each affordable unit, if subject to the site plan approval, settlement agreement, or other applicable document regulating the location of affordable units. The administrative agent shall determine the location of affordable units if not set forth in the site plan approval, settlement agreement, or other applicable document.
   (2) The total number of units in the project and the number of affordable units.
   (3) The breakdown of the affordable units by or identification of affordable unit locations by bedroom count and income level, including street addresses / unit numbers, if subject to the site plan approval, settlement agreement, or other applicable document regulating the breakdown of affordable units. The administrative agent shall determine the bedroom and income distribution if not set forth in the site plan approval, settlement agreement, or other applicable document.
   (4) Floor plans of all affordable units, including complete and accurate identification of all rooms and the dimensions thereof.
   (5) A projected construction schedule.
   (6) The location of any common areas and elevators.
   (7) The name of the person who will be responsible for official contact with the administrative agent for the duration of the project, which must be updated if the contact changes.

B. In addition to Section A., above, the owner of rental developments containing affordable rental units subject to this subchapter or the assigned management company thereof shall:
   (1) Send to all current tenants in all restricted rental units an annual mailing containing a notice as to the maximum permitted rent and a reminder of the requirement that the unit must remain their principal place of residence, which is defined as residing in the unit at least 260 days out of each calendar year, together with the telephone number, mailing address, and email address of the administrative agent to whom complaints of excess rent can be issued.
   (2) Provide to the administrative agent a description of any applicable fees.
   (3) Provide to the administrative agent a description of the types of utilities and which utilities will be included in the rent.
   (4) Agree and ensure that the utility configuration established at the start of the rent-up process not be altered at any time throughout the restricted period.
   (5) Provide to the administrative agent a proposed form of lease for any rental units.
   (6) Ensure that the tenant selection criteria for the applicants for affordable units not be more restrictive that the tenant selection criteria for applicants for non-restricted units.
   (7) Strive to maintain the continued occupancy of the affordable units during the entire restricted period.

C. In addition to Section A., above, the owner of affordable for-sale developments containing affordable for-sale units subject to this subchapter or the assigned management company thereof shall provide the administrative agent:
   (1) Proposed pricing for all units, including any purchaser options and add-on items.
   (2) Condominium or homeowner association fees and any other applicable fees.
   (3) Estimated real property taxes.
   (4) Sewer, water, trash disposal, and any other utility assessments.
   (5) Flood insurance requirement, if applicable.
   (6) The State-approved planned real estate development public offering statement and/or master deed, where applicable, as well as the full build-out budget.

D. Enforcement of Affordable Housing Regulations
   (1) Upon the occurrence of a breach of any of the regulations governing the affordable unit by an owner, developer or tenant, the municipality shall have all remedies provided at law or equity, including but not limited to foreclosure, tenant eviction, municipal fines, a requirement for household recertification, acceleration of all sums due under a mortgage, recoupment of any funds from a sale in the violation of the regulations, injunctive relief to prevent further violation of the regulations, entry on the premises, and specific performance.
   (2) After providing written notice of a violation to an owner, developer or tenant of an affordable unit and advising the owner, developer or tenant of the penalties for such violations, the municipality may take the following action against the owner, developer or tenant for any violation that remains uncured for a period of 60 days after service of the written notice:
      (a) The municipality may file a court action pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:58-11 alleging a violation, or violations, of the regulations governing the affordable housing unit. If the owner, developer or tenant is found by the Court to have violated any provision of the regulations governing affordable housing units the owner, developer or tenant shall be subject to one or more of the following penalties, at the discretion of the Court:
         1. A fine of not more than $500 or imprisonment for a period not to exceed 90 days, or both, unless otherwise specified below, provided that each and every day that the violation continues or exists shall be considered a separate and specific violation of these provisions and not a continuation of the initial offense;
         2. In the case of an owner who has rented his or her low- or moderate-income unit in violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units, payment into the Affordable Housing Trust Fund of the gross amount of rent illegally collected;
         3. In the case of an owner who has rented his or her affordable unit in violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units, payment of an innocent tenant's reasonable relocation costs, as determined by the Court.
   (3) The municipality shall have the authority to levy fines against the owner of the development for instances of noncompliance with NJHRC advertising requirements (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-321.6.e.(2)), following written notice to the owner. The fine for the first offense of noncompliance shall be $5,000, the fine for the second offense of noncompliance shall be $10,000, and the fine for each subsequent offense of noncompliance shall be $15,000.
   (4) The municipality may file a court action in the Superior Court seeking a judgment, which would result in the termination of the owner's equity or other interest in the unit, in the nature of a mortgage foreclosure. Any judgment shall be enforceable as if the same were a judgment of default of the first purchase money mortgage and shall constitute a lien against the low- or moderate-income unit.
      (a) Such judgment shall be enforceable, at the option of the municipality, by means of an execution sale by the Sheriff, at which time the affordable unit of the violating owner shall be sold at a sale price which is not less than the amount necessary to fully satisfy and pay off any first purchase money mortgage and prior liens and the costs of the enforcement proceedings incurred by the municipality , including attorney's fees. The violating owner shall have the right to possession terminated as well as the title conveyed pursuant to the Sheriff's sale.

(b) The proceeds of the Sheriff's sale shall first be applied to satisfy the first purchase money mortgage lien and any prior liens upon the low- or moderate-income unit. The excess, if any, shall be applied to reimburse the municipality for any and all costs and expenses incurred in connection with either the court action resulting in the judgment of violation or the Sheriff's sale. In the event that the proceeds from the Sheriff's sale are insufficient to reimburse the municipality in full as aforesaid, the violating owner shall be personally responsible for the full extent of such deficiency, in addition to any and all costs incurred by the municipality in connection with collecting such deficiency. In the event that a surplus remains after satisfying all of the above, such surplus shall be placed in escrow by the municipality for the owner and shall be held in such escrow for a maximum period of two years or until such earlier time as the owner shall make a claim with the municipality for such. Failure of the owner to claim such balance within the two year period shall automatically result in a forfeiture of such balance to the municipality. Any interest accrued or earned on such balance while being held in escrow shall belong to and shall be paid to the municipality, whether such balance shall be paid to the owner or forfeited to the municipality.

(c) Foreclosure due to violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units shall not extinguish the restrictions of the regulations governing affordable housing units as they apply to the low- and moderate-income unit. Title shall be conveyed to the purchaser at the Sheriff's sale, subject to the restrictions and provisions of the regulations governing the affordable housing unit. The owner determined to be in violation of the provisions of this plan and from whom title and possession were taken by means of the Sheriff's sale shall not be entitled to any right of redemption.

(d) If there are no bidders at the Sheriff's sale, or if insufficient amounts are bid to satisfy the first purchase money mortgage and any prior liens, the municipality may acquire title to the affordable unit by satisfying the first purchase money mortgage and any prior liens and crediting the violating owner with an amount equal to the difference between the first purchase money mortgage and any prior liens and costs of the enforcement proceedings, including legal fees and the maximum re-sale price for which the affordable unit could have been sold under the terms of the regulations governing affordable housing units. This excess shall be treated in the same manner as the excess that would have been realized from an actual sale as previously described.

(e) Failure of the low- or moderate-income unit to be either sold at the Sheriff's sale or acquired by the municipality shall obligate the owner to accept an offer to purchase from any qualified purchaser that may be referred to the owner by the municipality, with such offer to purchase being equal to the maximum re-sale price of the low- or moderate-income unit as permitted by the regulations governing affordable housing units.

(f) The affordable unit owner shall remain fully obligated, responsible and liable for complying with the terms and restrictions of governing affordable housing units until such time as title is conveyed from the owner.

(5) It is the responsibility of the municipal housing liaison and the administrative agent(s) to ensure that affordable housing units are administered properly. All affordable units must be occupied within a reasonable amount of time and be re-leased within a reasonable amount of time upon the vacating of the unit by a tenant. If an administrative agent or municipal housing liaison becomes aware of or suspects that a developer, landlord, or property manager has not complied with these regulations, it shall report this activity to the Division. The Division must notify the developer, landlord, or property manager, in writing, of any violation of these regulations and provide a 30-day cure period. If, after the 30-day cure period, the developer, landlord, or property manager remains in violation of any terms of this subchapter, including by keeping a unit vacant, the developer, landlord, or property manager may be fined up to the amount required to construct a comparable affordable unit of the same size and the deed-restricted control period will be extended for the length of the time the unit was out of compliance, in addition to the remedies provided for in this section. For the purposes of this subsection, a reasonable amount of time shall presumptively be 60 days, unless a longer period of time is required due to demonstrable

market conditions and/or failure of the municipal housing liaison or the administrative agent to refer a certified tenant.

(6) Banks and other lending institutions are prohibited from issuing any loan secured by owner occupied real property subject to the affordability controls set forth in this subchapter if such loan would be in excess of amounts permitted by the restriction documents recorded in the deed or mortgage book in the county in which the property is located. Any loan issued in violation of this subsection is void as against public policy.

(7) The Agency and the Department hereby reserve, for themselves and for each administrative agent appointed pursuant to this subchapter, all of the rights and remedies available at law and in equity for the enforcement of this subchapter, including, but not limited to, fines, evictions, and foreclosures as approved by a county-level housing judge.

(8) Appeals

(a) Appeals from all decisions of an administrative agent appointed pursuant to this subchapter must be filed, in writing, with the municipal housing liaison. A decision by the municipal housing liaison may be appealed to the Division. A written decision of the Division Director upholding, modifying, or reversing an administrative agent's decision is a final administrative action.

§15-66 Development Fees

A. Purpose

(1) This section establishes standards for the collection, maintenance, and expenditure of development fees that are consistent with the amended Fair Housing Act (P.L.2024, c.2), N.J.A.C. 5:99, and the Statewide Non-Residential Development Fee Act (C. 40:55D-8.1 through 8.7). Fees collected pursuant to this Ordinance shall be used for the sole purpose of providing very low-, low- and moderate-income housing in accordance with a Court-approved Spending Plan.

B. Basic Requirements

(1) The municipality previously adopted a development fee ordinance, which established the Municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund.

(2) The municipality shall not spend development fees until the court has approved a plan for spending such fees.

C. Residential Development Fees

(1) Imposed Fees

(a) Residential developers, except for developers of the types of development specifically exempted below, shall pay a fee of 1.0% of the equalized assessed value for residential development, provided no increased density is permitted. Development fees shall also be imposed and collected when an additional dwelling unit is added to an existing residential structure; in such cases, the fee shall be calculated based on the increase in the equalized assessed value of the property due to the additional dwelling unit.

(b) When an increase in residential density is permitted pursuant to a "d" variance granted under N.J.S.A. 40:55D-70d(5), developers shall be required to pay a "bonus" development fee of 6.0% of the equalized assessed value for each additional unit that may be realized, except that this provision shall not be applicable to a development that will include affordable housing. If the zoning on a site has changed during the two-year period preceding the filing of such a variance application, the base density for the purposes of calculating the bonus development fee shall be the highest density permitted by right during the two-year period preceding the filing of the variance application.

Example: If an approval allows four units to be constructed on a site that was zoned for two units, the fees could equal 1.5% of the equalized assessed value on the first two units; and the specified higher percentage of 6% of the equalized assessed value for the two additional units, provided zoning on the site has not changed during the two-year period preceding the filing of such a variance application.

(2) Eligible exactions, ineligible exactions and exemptions for residential development

(c) Affordable housing developments, developments where the developer is providing for the construction of affordable units elsewhere in the municipality, and developments where the developer has made an eligible payment in lieu of on-site construction of affordable units, if permitted by ordinance, or by agreement with the municipality and if approved by a municipality prior to the statutory elimination of payments in-lieu on March 20, 2024 per P.L.2024, c.2, shall be exempt from development fees.

(d) Developments that have received preliminary or final site plan approval prior to the adoption of this ordinance and any preceding ordinance permitting the collection of development fees shall be exempt from the payment of development fees, unless the developer seeks a substantial change in the original approval. Where a site plan approval does not apply, the issuance of a zoning and/or building permit shall be synonymous with preliminary or final site plan approval for the purpose of determining the right to an exemption. In all cases, the applicable fee percentage shall be determined based upon the development fee ordinance in effect on the date that the construction permit is issued.

(e) Any repair, reconstruction or improvement of a structure, the cost of which is less than 50% of the market value of the structure before the improvement or repair is started. For purpose of this section, "market value" shall mean the equalized assessed value of the existing improvement as established by the Borough Tax Assessor. The cost of the repair, reconstruction or improvements shall be determined by an itemized construction cost estimate prepared and submitted to the Construction Official. The estimate shall be signed and sealed by an architect or professional engineer licensed by the State of New Jersey, or where no such professionals are retained, signed by the contractor or the homeowner. Where prepared by the homeowner or contractor, the Borough Engineer may review such estimates for accuracy. "Substantial improvement" is considered to commence when the first alteration of any wall, floor or other structural part of the building commences, whether or not the alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure. The term does not, however, include either:

1. Any project for improvement of a structure to comply with existing state or local building, fire, health, sanitary or safety code specifications which are solely necessary to assure safe living conditions; or
2. Any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a state inventory of historic places, but a development fee shall be charged for any new dwelling constructed as a replacement for a previously existing dwelling on the same lot that was or will be demolished, unless the owner resided in the previous dwelling for a period of one year or more prior to obtaining a demolition permit. Where a development fee is charged for a replacement dwelling, the development fee shall be calculated on the increase in the equalized assessed value of the new structure as compared to the previous structure.

(f) Structural alterations that do not increase gross floor area of a building or structure or increase the equalized assessed value of a property shall be exempted from paying a development fee.

(g) Nonprofit organizations constructing residential projects which have received tax-exempt status pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, providing current evidence of that status is submitted to the Municipal Clerk, together with a certification that services of the organization are provided at reduced rates to those who establish an inability to pay existing charges, shall be exempted from paying a development fee.

(h) Federal, state, county and local governments shall be exempted from paying a development fee.

(i) No development fee shall be collected for the demolition and replacement of a residential building resulting from a fire or natural disaster.

D. Non-Residential Development Fees

(1) Imposition of Fees

(a) Within all zoning districts, non-residential developers, except for developers of the types of development specifically exempted, shall pay a fee equal to 2.5% of the equalized assessed

value of the land and improvements, for all new non-residential construction on an unimproved lot or lots.

(b) Within all zoning districts, non-residential developers, except for developers of the types of development specifically exempted, shall also pay a fee equal to 2.5% of the increase in equalized assessed value resulting from any additions to existing structures to be used for non-residential purposes.

(c) Development fees shall be imposed and collected when an existing structure is demolished and replaced. The development fee of 2.5% shall be calculated on the difference between the equalized assessed value of the pre-existing land and improvements and the equalized assessed value of the newly improved structure; i.e., land and improvements; and such calculation shall be made at the time a final certificate of occupancy is issued. If the calculation required under this section results in a negative number, the non-residential development fee shall be zero.

(2) Eligible exactions, ineligible exactions and exemptions for residential development

(a) The non-residential portion of a mixed-use inclusionary or market-rate development shall be subject to a 2.5% development fee, unless otherwise exempted below.

(b) The 2.5% fee shall not apply to an increase in equalized assessed value resulting from alterations, change in use within existing footprint, reconstruction, renovations and repairs.

(3) Non-residential developments shall be exempt from the payment of non-residential development fees in accordance with the exemptions required pursuant to the Statewide Non-Residential Development Fee Act (N.J.S.A. 40:55D-8.1 through 8.7), as specified in Form N-RDF "State of New Jersey Non-Residential Development Certification/Exemption." Any exemption claimed by a developer shall be substantiated by that developer.

(4) A developer of a non-residential development exempted from the non-residential development fee pursuant to the Statewide Non-Residential Development Fee Act shall be subject to the fee at such time as the basis for the exemption no longer applies, and shall make the payment of the non-residential development fee, in that event, within three years after that event or after the issuance of the final certificate of occupancy of the non-residential development, whichever is later.

(5) If a property that was exempted from the collection of a non-residential development fee thereafter ceases to be exempt from property taxation, the owner of the property shall remit the fees required pursuant to this section within 45 days of the termination of the property tax exemption. Unpaid non-residential development fees under these circumstances may be enforceable by the municipality as a lien against the real property of the owner.

E. Collection Procedures

(1) Upon the granting of a preliminary, final or other applicable approval for a development, the applicable approving authority shall direct its staff to notify the construction official responsible for the issuance of a building permit.

(2) For non-residential developments only, the developer shall also be provided with a copy of Form N-RDF, "State of New Jersey Non-Residential Development Certification/Exemption," to be completed by the developer as per the instructions provided in the Form N-RDF. The construction official shall verify the information submitted by the non-residential developer as per the instructions provided on Form N-RDF. The tax assessor shall verify exemptions and prepare estimated and final assessments as per the instructions provided in Form N-RDF.

(3) The construction official responsible for the issuance of a building permit shall notify the tax assessor of the issuance of the first construction permit for a development that is subject to a development fee.

(4) Within 90 days of receipt of that notice, the tax assessor shall provide an estimate, based on the plans filed, of the equalized assessed value of the development.

(5) The construction official responsible for the issuance of a final certificate of occupancy shall notify the tax assessor of any and all requests for the scheduling of a final inspection on property that is subject to a development fee.

(6) Within 10 business days of a request for the scheduling of a final inspection, the tax assessor shall confirm or modify the previously estimated equalized assessed value of the improvements associated with the

development; calculate the development fee; and thereafter notify the developer of the amount of the fee.

(7) Should the municipality fail to determine or notify the developer of the amount of the development fee within 10 business days of the request for final inspection, the developer may estimate the amount due and pay that estimated amount consistent with the dispute process set forth in Subsection b. of section 37 of P.L.2008, c.46 (N.J.S.A. 40:55D-8.6).

(8) Fifty percent (50%) of the development fee shall be collected at the time of issuance of the construction permit. The remaining portion shall be collected at the time of issuance of the certificate of occupancy. The developer shall be responsible for paying the difference between the fee calculated at the time of issuance of the construction permit and that determined at the time of issuance of certificate of occupancy.

F. Appeal of development fees

(1) A developer may challenge residential development fees imposed by filing a challenge with the County Board of Taxation. Pending a review and determination by that board, collected fees shall be placed in an interest-bearing escrow account by the municipality. Appeals from a determination of the board may be made to the Tax Court in accordance with the provisions of the State Tax Uniform Procedure Law, R.S. 54:48-1 et seq., within 90 days after the date of such determination. Interest earned on amounts escrowed shall be credited to the prevailing party.

(2) A developer may challenge non-residential development fees imposed by filing a challenge with the director of the Division of Taxation. Pending a review and determination by the director, which shall be made within 45 days of receipt of the challenge, collected fees shall be placed in an interest-bearing escrow account by the municipality. Appeals from a determination of the director may be made to the Tax Court in accordance with the provisions of the State Tax Uniform Procedure Law, R.S. 54:48-1 et seq., within 90 days after the date of such determination. Interest earned on amounts escrowed shall be credited to the prevailing party.

G. Affordable Housing Trust Fund

(1) A separate, interest-bearing Municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund shall be maintained by the chief financial officer of the municipality for the purpose of depositing development fees collected from residential and non-residential developers and proceeds from the sale of units with extinguished controls.

(2) The following additional funds shall be deposited in the Municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund and shall at all times be identifiable by source and amount:

(a) Payments in lieu of on-site construction of an affordable unit, where previously permitted by ordinance or by agreement with the municipality and if approved by a municipality prior to the statutory elimination of payments in-lieu on March 20, 2024 per P.L.2024, c.2;

(b) Funds contributed by developers to make 10% of the adaptable entrances in a townhouse or other multistory attached dwelling unit development accessible;

(c) Rental income from municipally operated units;

(d) Repayments from affordable housing program loans;

(e) Recapture funds;

(f) Proceeds from the sale of affordable units; and

(g) Any other funds collected in connection with the municipal affordable housing program including but not limited to interest earned on fund deposits.

(3) The municipality shall provide the Division with written authorization, in the form of a tri-party escrow agreement(s) between the municipality, the Division and the financial institution in which the municipal affordable housing trust fund has been established to permit the Division to direct the disbursement of the funds as provided for in N.J.A.C. 5:99-2.1 et seq.

(4) Occurrence of any of the following deficiencies may result in the Division requiring the forfeiture of all or a portion of the funds in the municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund:

(a) Failure to meet deadlines for information required by the Division in its review of a development fee ordinance;

(b) Failure to commit or expend development fees within four years of the date of collection in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:99-5.5;

(c) Failure to comply with the requirements of the Non-Residential Development Fee Act and N.J.A.C. 5:99-3;
(d) Failure to submit accurate monitoring reports pursuant to this subchapter within the time limits imposed by the Act, this chapter, and/or the Division;
(e) Expenditure of funds on activities not approved by the Superior Court or otherwise permitted by law;
(f) Revocation of compliance certification or a judgment of compliance and repose;
(g) Failure of a municipal housing liaison or administrative agent to comply with the requirements set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:99-6, 7, and 8;
(h) Other good cause demonstrating that municipal affordable housing funds are not being used for an approved purpose.

(5) All interest accrued in the housing trust fund shall only be used on eligible affordable housing purposes approved by the Court.

H. Use of Funds

(1) The expenditure of all funds shall conform to a Spending Plan approved by Superior Court. Funds deposited in the municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund may be used for any activity approved by the Court to address the fair share obligation and may be set up as a grant or revolving loan program. Such activities include, but are not limited to: preservation or purchase of housing for the purpose of maintaining or implementing affordability controls; housing rehabilitation; new construction of affordable housing units and related costs; accessory apartments; a market-to-affordable program; conversion of existing non-residential buildings to create new affordable units; green building strategies designed to be cost-saving and in accordance with accepted national or state standards; purchase of land for affordable housing; improvement of land to be used for affordable housing; extensions or improvements of roads and infrastructure to affordable housing sites; financial assistance designed to increase affordability; administration necessary for implementation of the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan; and/or any other activity permitted by Superior Court and specified in the approved Spending Plan.

(2) Funds shall not be expended to reimburse the municipality or activities that occurred prior to the authorization of a municipality to collect development fees.

(3) At least a portion of all development fees collected and interest earned shall be used to provide affordability assistance to very low-, low- and moderate-income households in affordable units included in the municipal Fair Share Plan. A portion of the development fees which provide affordability assistance shall be used to provide affordability assistance to very low-income households.

(a) Affordability assistance programs may include down payment assistance, security deposit assistance, low-interest loans, rental assistance, assistance with homeowners association or condominium fees and special assessments, infrastructure assistance, and assistance with emergency repairs. The specific programs to be used for affordability assistance shall be identified and described within the Spending Plan.
(b) Affordability assistance for very low income households may include producing very low-income units or buying down the cost of low- or moderate-income units in the municipal Fair Share Plan to make them affordable to households earning 30% or less of median income.

(4) No more than 20% of all affordable housing trust funds, exclusive of those collected to fund an RCA prior to July 17, 2008, shall be expended on administration, including, but not limited to, salaries and benefits for municipal employees or consultants' fees necessary to develop or implement a new construction program, prepare and implement a Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, administer an Affirmative Marketing Program and for compliance with the Superior Court and the Program including the costs to the municipality of resolving a challenge.

I. Monitoring

(1) On or before February 15 of each year, the municipality shall provide annual electronic data reporting of trust fund activity for the previous year from January 1st to December 31st through the AHMS Reporting System. This reporting shall include an accounting of all Municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund activity, including the sources and amounts of all funds collected and the amounts and purposes for which any funds have been expended. Such reporting shall include an accounting of development fees collected

from residential and non-residential developers, previously eligible payments in lieu of constructing affordable units on site (if permitted by ordinance or by agreement with the municipality prior to the March 20, 2024 statutory elimination per P.L. 2024, c.4), funds from the sale of units with extinguished controls, barrier-free escrow funds, rental income from municipally-owned affordable housing units, repayments from affordable housing program loans, interest and any other funds collected in connection with municipal housing programs, as well as an accounting of the expenditures of revenues and implementation of the Spending Plan approved by the Court.

J. Ongoing Collection of Fees
   (1) The ability to impose, collect and expend development fees shall continue so long as the municipality retains authorization from the Court in the form of Compliance Certification or the good faith effort to obtain it.
   (2) If the municipality fails to renew its ability to impose and collect development fees prior to the expiration of its Judgment of Compliance, it may be subject to forfeiture of any or all funds remaining within its Affordable Housing Trust Fund. Any funds so forfeited shall be deposited into the New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund established pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C. 52:27D-320).

K. Emergent Affordable Housing Opportunities
   (1) Requests to expend affordable housing trust funds on emergent affordable housing opportunities not included in the municipal fair share plan shall be made to the Division and shall be in the form of a governing body resolution. Any request shall be consistent with N.J.A.C. 5:99-4.1.

SECTION 2. If any article, section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is, for any reason, held to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the remaining portions of this Ordinance and they shall remain in full force and effect.

SECTION 3. In the event of any inconsistencies between the provisions of this Ordinance and any prior ordinance of the Borough, the provisions hereof shall be determined to govern. All other parts, portions and provisions of The Revised General Ordinances of the Borough of Neptune City are hereby ratified and confirmed, except where inconsistent with the terms hereof.

SECTION 4. This Ordinance shall take effect upon adoption and publication and review in accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey.

13. NEW BUSINESS

A. Ordinance Introduction (rc)

1) Ordinance 2026-09: Bond Ordinance Providing for Pedestrian and ADA Improvements, Phase 5, Appropriating $240,000 and Authorizing the Issuance of $69,788 Bonds or Notes of the Borough for Financing Part of the Cost Thereof ***(First Reading / Introduction)*** **Public Hearing 03/23/26**

Mayor McGreevy read the ordinance by title into the record **Ordinance 2026-09: Bond Ordinance Providing for Pedestrian and ADA Improvements, Phase 5, Appropriating $240,000 and Authorizing the Issuance of $69,788 Bonds or Notes of the Borough for Financing Part of the Cost Thereof**

Motion to introduce Ordinance 2026-09 by **C/Chong;** seconded by **C/Williams**
ROLL CALL: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich; C/Renee; C/Williams

BOND ORDINANCE 2026-09
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY, COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
BOND ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR PEDESTRIAN AND ADA IMPROVEMENTS PHASE 5, APPROPRIATING $240,000 AND AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF $69,788 BONDS OR NOTES OF THE BOROUGH FOR FINANCING PART OF THE COST THEREOF.

BE IT ORDAINED by the Borough Council of the Borough of Neptune City, in the County of Monmouth, New Jersey (not less than two-thirds of all members thereof affirmatively concurring) as follows:

Section 1. The capital improvement described in Section 3 of this Bond Ordinance is hereby authorized by the Borough of Neptune City, New Jersey. For the capital improvement described in Section 3, there is hereby appropriated the sum of $240,000, which includes $40,000 in costs as permitted by *N.J.S.A. 40A:2-20* and a Community

Development Block Grant in the amount of $170,212 that satisfies the down payment for the said purpose as required by the Local Bond Law.

Section 2. In order to finance the cost of the Pedestrian and ADA Improvements Phase 5 not covered by the aforementioned grant, negotiable bonds are hereby authorized to be issued in the principal amount of $69,788 pursuant to the Local Bond Law. In anticipation of issuance of the bonds, negotiable bond anticipation notes are hereby authorized to be issued pursuant to and within the limitations prescribed by the Local Bond Law.

Section 3. The Pedestrian and ADA Improvements Phase 5 are hereby authorized and the purpose for which the bonds are to be issued. The minimum period of usefulness is ten years.

Section 4. All bond anticipation notes issued hereunder shall mature at such times as may be determined by the chief financial officer; provided that no note shall mature later than one year from its date. The notes shall bear interest at such rate or rates and be in such form as may be determined by the chief financial officer. The chief financial officer shall determine all matters in connection with notes issued pursuant to this ordinance, and the chief financial officer's signature upon the notes shall be conclusive evidence as to all such determinations. All notes issued hereunder may be renewed from time to time subject to the provisions of *N.J.S.A. 40A:2-8(a)*. The chief financial officer is hereby authorized to sell part or all of the notes from time to time at public or private sale and to deliver them to the purchaser thereof upon receipt of payment of the purchase price plus accrued interest from their dates to the date of delivery thereof. The chief financial officer is directed to report in writing to the governing body at the meeting next succeeding the date when any sale or delivery of the notes pursuant to this ordinance is made. Such report must include the amount, the description, the interest rate, and the maturity schedule of the notes sold, the price obtained, and the name of the purchaser.

Section 5. The capital budget of the Borough of Neptune City is hereby amended to conform with the provisions of this Ordinance to the extent of any inconsistency therewith; and the resolutions promulgated by the Local Finance Board showing full detail of the amended Capital Budget and Capital Program as approved by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services, is on file with the Municipal Clerk and is available for public inspection.

Section 6. The following additional matters are hereby determined, declared, recited and stated:

(a) The purchase described in Section 3 of this bond ordinance is not a current expense. It is an improvement that the Borough may lawfully undertake as a general improvement, and no part of the cost thereof has been or shall be specially assessed on property specially benefitted thereby.

(b) The Supplemental Debt Statement required by the Local Bond Law has been duly prepared and filed in the Office of the Clerk, and a complete executed duplicate thereof has been filed in the Office of the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs of the State of New Jersey. The gross debt of the Borough of Neptune City is increased by the authorization of the bonds or notes provided in this bond ordinance by $69,788, and the obligations authorized herein will be within all debt limitations prescribed by law.

(c) An aggregate amount not exceeding $40,000 for items of expense listed in and permitted under *N.J.S.A. 40A:2-20* may be included in the costs of the purchase authorized in Section 3 hereof and is included in the foregoing estimate thereof.

Section 7. The full faith and credit of the Borough are hereby pledged to the punctual payment of the principal of an interest on the obligations authorized by this bond ordinance. The obligations shall be direct, unlimited obligations of the Borough and the Borough shall be obligated to levy ad valorem taxes upon all the taxable property within the Borough for the payment of the obligations and interest thereon without limitation on rate or amount.

Section 8. That in the event any moneys are received by the Borough from the United States of America, or from the State of New Jersey or any of its agencies, or from any other sources for the purchase provided for herein prior to the issuance of any of the bonds or notes authorized by this ordinance, the amount of such bonds or notes authorized herein shall be reduced by the amount so received prior to the issuance of any such bonds or notes.

Section 9. This bond ordinance shall take effect twenty (20) days after the first publication thereof after final adoption, as provided by the Local Bond Law.

B. Consent Resolutions

All matters listed hereunder are considered to be routine and will be enacted in one motion. Any member of the Governing Body may request an item be removed for separate consideration.

1) **Resolution 2026-56** - Auth. Payment of the Bills
2) **Resolution 2026-57** - Auth. Borough Engineer Services for 2025 and 2026 Roadway Improvement Projects

3) **Resolution 2026-58** - Requesting Permission for the Dedication by Rider for Veterans Programs Donations
4) **Resolution 2026-59** - Auth. Shared Service Agreement for Recreation Services, Summer Camp with Bradley Beach
5) **Resolution 2026-60 -** Appointing a Qualified Purchasing Agent and Setting Public Bidding Threshold (DiCorcia Williams)
6) **Resolution 2026-61 -** Auth. Agreement with Tru Green for Lawn Services for 2026 (not to exceed $7,371)
7) **Resolution 2026-62 -** Terminate Shared Service Agreement with Farmingdale for Administrative Office Services
8) **Resolution 2026-63** - Auth. Appointment of Public Works Laborers, Full Time (Valente & Schultz)
9) **Resolution 2026-64 -** Auth. Temporary Capital Budget
10) **Resolution 2026-65** - Approving Settlement Agreement with Fair Share Housing Center
11) **Resolution 2026-66 -** Adopting Affordable Housing Fourth Round Spending Plan

Mayor McGreevy invited discussion on the consent agenda resolutions.

C/Chong requested Item 2, Resolution 2026-57 was held for separate consideration.

C/Renee referenced Resolution 2026-59 noting she is excited for the opportunity for Neptune City residents.

Motion to adopt items 1, 3-11 (Resolutions 2026-56 and 2026=57 through 2026-66) as a group by C/**Kocsis**; seconded by C/**Chong**
ROLL CALL: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich; C/Renee; C/Williams

RESOLUTION 2026-56
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
AUTHORIZING PAYMENT OF THE BILLS

BE IT RESOLVED that the bills as presented, all have been certified and approved as complete as to form, goods having been delivered, and/or services performed and sufficient funds being available for payment for said bills, be paid in the amount of **$ 120,046.85**

Vendor Name	Description	Amount
SHERWIN WILLIAMS CO.	snow plow paint	$ 749.29
SERVICE TIRE TRUCK CENTERS	TRUCK TIRE AND RIM #663 INS CL	$ 802.82
PUBLIC SAFETY TRAINING ACADEMY	FEMA I 400 5 OFFICERS 5/18/26	$ 1,250.00
PUBLIC SAFETY TRAINING ACADEMY	FEMA I300 4 OFFICERS 10/19/26	$ 1,000.00
PUBLIC SAFETY TRAINING ACADEMY	FEMA I 400 5 OFFICERS 11/16/26	$ 1,250.00
TREASURER, COUNTY OF MONMOUTH	2026 MOCERT RESPONSE DUES	$ 2,500.00
CANNON & MCGUINN	PROF SERVICE: 2025	$ 313.50
CANNON & MCGUINN	PROF SERVICE: 2025	$ 891.00
CANNON & MCGUINN	PROF SERVICE: 2025	$ 2,500.00
STATE TOXICOLOGY LABORATORY	STATE TOXICOLOGY TESTING 10/29	$ 90.00
WM COPORATE SERVICES, INC	2025 GARBAGE REIMB: OXFORD HTS	$ 16,920.86
MONMOUTH TRUCK EQUIPMENT	snow plow repair parts	$ 982.27
GENUINE PARTS COMPANY	fEBRUARY EST VEH. REPAIR	$ 695.87
SEA BREEZE FORD, INC.	EST FEBRUARY VEH. REPAIR	$ 1,641.61
BRADLEY CAR CARE	EST FEBRUARY TIRE SERVICES	$ 75.00
SERVICE TIRE TRUCK CENTERS	POLICE CAR TIRES	$ 1,000.00
SCHINDLER ELEVATOR CORP.	PREVENTATIVE MAINT: MARCH 2026	$ 334.95
J. SWANTON FUEL OIL COMPANY	DELIVERY: #55888	$ 603.70
J. SWANTON FUEL OIL COMPANY	DELIVERY: #55888	$ 82.33
JARDINE, ALBERT	REIMBURS: CC PIZZA EVENT 2-26	$ 106.80
MONMOUTH TRUCK EQUIPMENT	PLOW HEADLIGHT, PLOW REPAIR PA	$ 538.66
DOLLY SCREEN PRINT EMBROIDERY	NC REC BASKETBALL SHIRTS 2026	$ 823.00

SHRED-IT USA,LLC	SERV: JANUARY 2026	$ 195.59
SYN-TECH SYSTEMS INC.	MAINTENANCE CONTRACT: 2026	$ 1,175.00
PUBLIC WORKS ASSOC OF NJ	DUES: 2026 D. HARKER	$ 75.00
BRUNO'S LLC	DPW: STORM 2-23-2026	$ 186.89
QUADIENT LEASING USA, INC.	LEASE: 1ST QTR 2026	$ 228.87
NJ NATURAL GAS CO	SERVICE: FEBRUARY 2026	$ 11,684.34
NJ NATURAL GAS CO	SERVICE: FEBRUARY 2026	$ 1,593.32
RUTGERS STATE UNIVERSITY	CLERK CLASS- FINANCE ADMINISTR	$ 745.00
VIRGILIO, FRANK	MEDICAL REIMUR: JAN/FEB 2026	$ 846.60
J. SWANTON FUEL OIL COMPANY	DELIVERY: #56293	$ 1,319.24
J. SWANTON FUEL OIL COMPANY	DELIVERY: #56293	$ 179.91
GANNETT NY/NJ LOCALIQ	ADS: JAN-FEB 2026	$ 267.32
GENERAL CODE	ECODE ANNUAL MAINTENANCE: 2026	$ 1,849.00
MONMOUTH COUNTY SPCA	SERVICE: JANUARY 2026	$ 1,403.25
DELISA DEMOLITION & DISPOSAL	SERVICE: JANUARY-MARCH 2026	$ 4,259.50
DELISA DEMOLITION & DISPOSAL	SERVICE: JANUARY-MARCH 2026	$ 24,754.17
DELISA DEMOLITION & DISPOSAL	SERVICE: JANUARY-MARCH 2026	$ 501.40
DELISA DEMOLITION & DISPOSAL	SERVICE: JANUARY-MARCH 2026	$ 580.75
DELISA DEMOLITION & DISPOSAL	SERVICE: JANUARY-MARCH 2026	$ 5,011.40
TROCCHIO, LOUIS	MEDICAL REIMBURSEMENT	$ 2,200.00
EDWARDS, MATTHEW	LUKE DOG FOOD & MEDICINE CHEWY	$ 151.98
MJB AND ASSOC. CONSULTING, LLC	PROFESSIONAL SERVICE: FEB 2026	$ 9,481.25
MJB AND ASSOC. CONSULTING, LLC	PROFESSIONAL SERVICE: FEB 2026	$ 2,081.25
MJB AND ASSOC. CONSULTING, LLC	PROFESSIONAL SERVICE: FEB 2026	$ 1,372.50
MJB AND ASSOC. CONSULTING, LLC	PROFESSIONAL SERVICE: FEB 2026	$ (1,372.50)
Archer & Greiner, P.C.	PROF SERV: REDEVELOPMENT	$ 740.00
Archer & Greiner, P.C.	PROF SERV: REDEVELOPMENT	$ 40.00
Archer & Greiner, P.C.	PROF SERV: REDEVELOPMENT	$ 940.00
Archer & Greiner, P.C.	PROF SERV: REDEVELOPMENT	$ 2,587.50
Archer & Greiner, P.C.	SPECIAL COUNSEL	$ 581.73
Archer & Greiner, P.C.	SPECIAL COUNSEL	$ 198.27
Archer & Greiner, P.C.	SPECIAL COUNSEL	$ 346.23
Archer & Greiner, P.C.	SPECIAL COUNSEL	$ 758.77
Archer & Greiner, P.C.	SPECIAL COUNSEL	$ 945.00
OPPEGAARD, RYAN	STORM STAND BY: JAN-FEB 2026	$ 620.88
OPPEGAARD, RYAN	STORM STANDBY: JAN-FEB 2026	$ 493.52
OPPEGAARD, RYAN	STORM STANDBY: JAN-FEB 2026	$ 371.90
FOX, JOHN	STORM STAND BY: JAN 2026	$ 620.88
FOX, JOHN	STORM STAND BY: JAN 2026	$ 429.84
O'CONNELL, JAMES R.	STORM STAND BY: JAN-FEB 2026	$ 620.88
O'CONNELL, JAMES R.	STORM STANDBY: JAN-FEB 2026	$ 493.52
CRESCIO, JOHN	STORM STAND BY: JAN 2026	$ 620.88
FEDERICI, DYLAN	STORM STAND BY: JAN 2026	$ 413.92
HAUSELT, COLE	STORM STAND BY: JAN-FEB 2026	$ 206.96
HAUSELT, COLE	STORM STAND BY: JAN-FEB 2026	$ 175.12
PETRILLO, RYAN	STORM STAND BY: JAN-FEB 2026	$ 191.04
PETRILLO, RYAN	STORM STAND BY: JAN-FEB 2026	$ 246.76

ADAMS, JOSEPH	STORM STAND BY: FEB 2026	$ 493.52
MAHER, RYAN	STORM STAND BY: FEB 2026	$ 493.52
STRAZDAS, JUAN	STORM STAND BY: FEB 2026	$ 493.52
	03/10/2026 Bill List Total	**$ 120,046.85**

RESOLUTION 2026-58
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
REQUESTING PERMISSION FOR THE DEDICATION BY RIDER FOR VETERAN'S PROGRAMS DONATIONS AS PER P.L. 2013 C. 271 AND N.J.S.A. 40A:4-62.1

WHEREAS, permission is required of the director of the Division of Local Government Services for the approval as a dedication by rider of revenues received by a municipality when the revenue is not subject to reasonably accurate estimates in advance; and

WHEREAS, the Borough of Neptune City, County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey provides for receipt of donations for Veteran's Programs to provide for the operating costs to administer this act; and

WHEREAS, N.J.S.A. 40A:4-39 provides for the dedication revenues anticipated from the Veteran's Programs Donations are hereby anticipated as revenue and are hereby appropriated for the purpose to which said revenue is dedicated by statute or other legal requirement.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, by the Governing Body of the Borough of Neptune City, County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey as follows:

1. The Governing Body does hereby request permission of the Director of the Division of local Government Services to pay expenditures of Veteran's Programs Donations (P.L. 2013 c. 271 and N.J.S.A. 40A:4-62.1).
2. The Borough of Neptune City, County of Monmouth, is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Director of the Division of Local Government Services through the Financial Automation Submission Tracking system.

RESOLUTION 2026-59
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
AUTHORIZE SHARED SERVICE AGREEMENT FOR RECREATION SERVICES, SUMMER CAMP WITH BRADLEY BEACH

WHEREAS, under the New Jersey Uniform Shared Services Consolidation Act, namely C. 40A:65-1, et seq., local units, such as the Borough of Neptune City and Borough of Bradley Beach may enter into shared services agreements with each other; and

WHEREAS, it is in the best interest of Borough of Neptune City to enter into the proposed Shared Services Agreement with the Borough of Bradley Beach for the provision of Recreation Services.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Governing Body of Borough of Neptune City that the Mayor and/or Administrator be and hereby is authorized to execute and enter into the agreement for the Provision of Recreation Services for Summer Camp provided through a Shared Services Agreement with the Borough of Bradley Beach.

RESOLUTION 2026-60
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
APPOINTING A QUALIFIED PURCHASING AGENT AND SETTING PUBLIC BIDDING THRESHOLD

WHEREAS, N.J.A.C. 5:34-5 et seq. establishes the criteria for qualifying as a Qualified Purchasing Agent; and

WHEREAS, Corinne DiCorcia Williams, Borough Clerk possesses the designation of Qualified Purchasing Agent as issued by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:34-5 et seq.

WHEREAS, N.J.S.A. 40A:11-3(a) authorizes local contracting units to set a higher bid threshold if they have appointed a Qualified Purchasing Agent (QPA) as defined by N.J.S.A. 40A: 11-9; and

WHEREAS, the State Treasurer, effective July 1, 2025, formally increased the public bidding threshold for contracting units with a QPA to $53,000; and

WHEREAS, N.J.S.A. 40A:11-6.1(a) permits the establishment of a quotation threshold at 15% of the bid threshold, not $7,950; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 19:44A-20.4 and N.J.S.A. 40A:11-3 "window contracts" are defined as those with an anticipated value between $17,500 and the bid threshold, now $53,000, and may be awarded by a QPA in compliance with applicable Pay-To-Play requirements; and

WHEREAS, the Borough of Neptune City desires to set the bid, quotation and window contract thresholds to conform with the updated thresholds established by the State Treasurer.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Governing Body of the Borough of Neptune City, County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey, that Corinne DiCorcia Williams, be appointed as the Qualified Purchasing Agent authorized to exercise the duties of a purchasing agent pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40A:11-2(30); and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Borough Council of the Borough of Kenilworth, County of Union, State of New Jersey, as follows:

1. The Borough formally increases the public bid threshold to $53,000.00 and that the Borough's Qualified Purchasing Agent is authorized and empowered to award window contracts between $17,500.00 and $53,000.00 in accordance with applicable law and that the quote threshold is $7,950.00, representing 15% of the bid threshold, as permitted under *N.J.S.A. 40A:11-6.1*.
2. All purchasing policies, practices, and manuals shall be deemed modified accordingly to align with the updated bid, quote, and window contract thresholds.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a certified copy of this Resolution appointing Corinne DiCorcia Williams as the Qualified Purchasing Agent certification be forwarded to the Director of the Division of Local Government Services.

RESOLUTION 2026-61
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
AUTHORIZE AGREEMENT WITH TRU GREEN FOR LAWN MAINTENANCE SERVICES FOR 2026-2027

WHEREAS, the Governing Body of the Borough of Neptune City is interested in retaining lawn maintenance services; and

WHEREAS, Tru Green has provided a quote for fertilization and preventative treatment and to the Borough as on file in the office of the Borough Clerk; and

WHEREAS, the Governing Body of the Borough of Neptune City believe it is in the best interest of the Borough to authorize the agreement with Tru Green.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Governing Body of the Borough of Neptune City, County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey that the Governing Body hereby authorizes the agreement for lawn maintenance services with Tru Green with offices located at 5003 Industrial Road, Farmingdale, New Jersey 07727 effective March 1, 2026 – February 28, 2027.

RESOLUTION 2026-62
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
TERMINATE SHARED SERVICE AGREEMENT WITH FARMINGDALE FOR ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE SERVICES

WHEREAS, by way of Resolution 2025-112, the Borough approved a Shared Services Agreement with the Borough of Farmingdale for Administrative Clerk Services effective September 1, 2025; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with the Shared Services Agreement was entered into for the calendar years 2025-2029; and

WHEREAS, it was mutually agreement upon by the Borough of Farmingdale and Borough of Neptune City to terminate the Shared Services Agreement for Administrative Office Services, effective February 28, 2026.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Governing Body of the Borough of Neptune City that the Borough is hereby terminating the Shared Services Agreement entered into with the Borough of Farmingdale for Administrative Office Services, effective February 28, 2026.

RESOLUTION 2026-63
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
AUTHORIZE APPOINTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS LABORERS

WHEREAS, there are two Laborer positions open within the Department of Public Works; and

WHEREAS, it is the recommendation of the Director of Public Works and Superintendent of Public Works to appoint Ryan Valente as a Full Time Public Works Laborer; and

WHEREAS, it is the recommendation of the Director of Public Works and Superintendent of Public Works to appoint Eric Shultz as a Full Time Public Works Laborer.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, by the Governing Body of the Borough of Neptune City that Ryan Valente and Eric Shultz are hereby appointed as Public Works Laborers for the Borough of Neptune City effective March 16, 2026; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that Ryan Valente and Eric Shultz will each be compensated at a salary of $35,000.00 per year as set by the Union Contract.

RESOLUTION 2026-64
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
AUTHORIZE TEMPORARY CAPITAL BUDGET

WHEREAS, the Borough of Neptune City desires to constitute the 2026 Temporary Capital Budget of said municipality by inserting therein the Capital Project enumerated in Section 1; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Neptune City, in the County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey as follows:

Section 1. The 2026 Temporary Capital Budget of the Borough of Neptune City is hereby constituted by the adoption of a schedule to read as follows:

		Method of Financing	
Project	**Estimated Costs**	**Grant Funding**	**Notes Authorized**
Prior Temporary Capital Budget	$1,310,000	$ 873,085	$ 436,915
Pedestrian and ADA Improvements, Phase 5	$ 240,000	$ 170,212	$ 69,788
Total	**$1,550,000**	**$1,043,297**	**$ 506,703**

RESOLUTION 2026-65
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
APPROVING AFFORDABLE HOUSING DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROGRAM MEDIATION AGREEMENT

WHEREAS, on March 20, 2024, Governor Murphy signed into law P.L.2024, c.2, which amended the 1985 New Jersey Fair Housing Act (the "Amended FHA"); and

WHEREAS, the Borough of Neptune City (the "Borough") adopted a "binding resolution" accepting the DCA-calculated present need and prospective need affordable housing obligation, as required by the Amended FHA, on January 27, 2025, establishing its Fourth Round Present Need of 12 and Prospective Need of 32; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with the Amended FHA and Administrative Directive #14-24, issued by the Administrative Office of the Courts, the Borough filed a timely Fourth Round Declaratory Judgment Complaint with the Superior Court of New Jersey, Law Division, Monmouth County, entitled In the Matter of the Application of the Borough of Neptune City, County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey, Docket No. MON-L-000406-25 on January 29, 2025 (the "DJ Action"), along with its binding resolution, on January 29, 2025; and

WHEREAS, on April 1, 2025, the Honorable Linda Grasso Jones, J.S.C., issued an Order setting the Borough's present need obligation at 12 affordable units and the prospective need obligation at 32 affordable units and further authorized the Borough to proceed with preparation and adoption of a proposed Fourth Round Housing Element and Fair Share Plan ("Fourth Round HEFSP") to satisfy the Borough's affordable housing obligation; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with the Amended FHA, the Borough's affordable housing planner Jennifer C. Beahm, PP, AICP, of Leon S. Avakian, Inc. prepared a Fourth Round HEFSP entitled "Housing Element & Fair Share Plan"; and

WHEREAS, upon notice duly provided pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:55D-13, the Borough's Land Use Board held a public hearing on the Fourth Round HEFSP on June 12, 2025 and adopted the HEFSP by resolution on the same night; and

WHEREAS, the Governing Body of the Borough of Neptune City endorsed the Fourth Round HEFSP by resolution at its regular meeting on June 16, 2025; and

WHEREAS, on August 29, 2025 the Fair Share Housing Center ("FSHC") filed a timely challenge ("FSHC's challenge") to the Borough's Housing Plan Element Plan citing a number of comments the Borough should address to achieve fourth round compliance; and

WHEREAS, a court master was appointed, and mediation settlement conferences were held in October, November and December 2025 culminating in a settlement; and

WHEREAS, the Borough and FSHC have agreed to amicably resolve the issues set forth in FSHC's challenge, the terms of which are set forth in the proposed Mediation Agreement, which if approved will result in a compliance certification for the Borough with respect to the Borough's Fourth Round Affordable Housing Obligations; and

WHEREAS, the Borough's Affordable Housing counsel has reviewed the Mediation Agreement and advised that it is fair, reasonable, and in the best interests of the Borough; and

WHEREAS, the Governing Body desires to approve the Mediation Agreement between the Borough and FSHC.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Neptune City, Monmouth County as follows:

1. The Mediation Agreement between the Borough of Neptune City and Fair Share Housing Center is hereby ratified and approved.
2. The Mayor and Clerk, together with other appropriate officers and employees of the Borough of Neptune City, are hereby authorized to take all steps actions for approval and implementation of the Mediation Agreement.
3. This Resolution shall take effect immediately.

RESOLUTION 2026-66
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
ADOPTING AFFORDABLE HOUSING FOURTH ROUND SPENDING PLAN

WHEREAS, on March 20, 2024, Governor Murphy signed into law P.L.2024, c.2, which amended the 1985 New Jersey Fair Housing Act (the "Amended FHA"); and

WHEREAS, the Borough of Neptune City (the "Borough") adopted a "binding resolution" accepting the DCA-calculated present need and prospective need affordable housing obligation, as required by the Amended FHA, on January 27, 2025, establishing its Fourth Round Present Need of 12 and Prospective Need of 32; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with the Amended FHA and Administrative Directive #14-24, issued by the Administrative Office of the Courts, the Borough filed a timely Fourth Round Declaratory Judgment Complaint with the Superior Court of New Jersey, Law Division, Monmouth County, entitled In the Matter of the Application of the Borough of Neptune City, County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey, Docket No. MON-L-000406-25 on January 29, 2025 (the "DJ Action"), along with its binding resolution, on January 29, 2025; and

WHEREAS, on April 1, 2025, the Honorable Linda Grasso Jones, J.S.C., issued an Order setting the Borough's present need obligation at 12 affordable units and the prospective need obligation at 32 affordable units and further authorized the Borough to proceed with preparation and adoption of a proposed Fourth Round Housing Element and Fair Share Plan ("Fourth Round HEFSP") to satisfy the Borough's affordable housing obligation; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with the Amended FHA, the Borough's affordable housing planner Jennifer C. Beahm, PP, AICP, of Leon S. Avakian, Inc. prepared a Fourth Round HEFSP entitled "Housing Element & Fair Share Plan"; and

WHEREAS, upon notice duly provided pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:55D-13, the Borough's Land Use Board held a public hearing on the Fourth Round HEFSP on June 12, 2025 and adopted the HEFSP by resolution on the same night; and

WHEREAS, the Governing Body of the Borough of Neptune City endorsed the Fourth Round HEFSP by resolution at its regular meeting on June 16, 2025; and

WHEREAS, the Borough's Fourth Round HEFSP includes a Fourth Round Spending Plan component, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.2; and

WHEREAS, the Affordable Housing Alternate Resolution Program Directive No. 14-24, requires an updated and adopted Spending Plan indicating how the municipality intends to allocate development fees and other funds, and detailing how the municipality proposes to expend funds for affordability assistance, especially those funds earmarked for very low-income affordability assistance; and

WHEREAS, the Borough has prepared a Fourth Round Spending Plan attached hereto as Exhibit A, which describes and projects anticipated revenues of the Borough's Affordable Housing Trust Fund and describes the anticipated expenditures of the funds; and

WHEREAS, the Governing Body desires to adopt the Spending Plan of the Fourth Round HEFSP.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Neptune City, Monmouth County as follows:

1. The Borough of Neptune City does hereby adopt the Spending Plan of the Fourth Round Housing Element and Fair Share Plan.
2. The Borough of Neptune City does hereby authorize the filing of this Resolution adopting the Spending Plan of the Fourth Round Housing Element and Fair Share Plan on eCourts for review by the Program.
3. The Mayor and Clerk, together with other appropriate officers and employees of the Borough of Neptune City, are hereby authorized to take all steps necessary to effectuate the purposes of this Resolution.
4. This Resolution shall take effect immediately.

ITEMS FOR SEPARATE CONSIDERATION

2) Resolution 2026-57 - Auth. Borough Engineer Services for 2025 and 2026 Roadway Improvement Projects

Motion to table item 2 (Resolutions 2026-57) to March 23 by C/**Karalovich**; seconded by C/**Chong**

ROLL CALL: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich; C/Renee; C/Williams

RESOLUTION 2026-57
BOROUGH OF NEPTUNE CITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
AUTHORIZING BOROUGH ENGINEER SERVICES FOR 2025 AND 2026 ROADWAY IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS

WHEREAS, the Borough of Neptune City was awarded a New Jersey Department of Transportation - Transportation Trust Fund Grant in the amount of $174,420.00 for 2025 Roadway Improvements; and

WHEREAS, the Borough Engineer submitted a proposal for engineering services associated with assisting the Borough with the 2025 Roadway Improvement Program (NC 25-08) in the amount not to exceed $60,000; and

WHEREAS, the Borough of Neptune City was awarded a New Jersey Department of Transportation - Transportation Trust Fund Grant in the amount of $315,328.00 for 2026 Roadway Improvements; and

WHEREAS, the Borough Engineer submitted a proposal for engineering services associated with assisting the Borough with the 2025 Roadway Improvement Program (NC 26-08) in the amount not to exceed $90,000; and

WHEREAS, the Governing Body of the Borough of Neptune City believes it is in the best interests of its residents to engage the Borough Engineer for assurance the projects are done completely and to standard.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Governing Body of the Borough of Neptune City, County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey, that it hereby authorizes Leon S. Avakian, Associates to perform engineering services associated New Jersey Department of Transportation - Transportation Trust Fund Grant for 2025 and 2026 Roadway Improvements in the amount not to exceed a total amount of $150,000

MUNICIPAL CERTIFICATION OF AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS - N.J.S.A. 40A:4-57

I, William E. Antonides, Jr., Chief Financial Officer of the Borough of Neptune City, County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey, do hereby certify that sufficient funds have been appropriated and are available for the purpose set forth below, and that said
funds are legally available to cover the cost of this contract/expenditure.
Description of Contract/Expenditure: Engineering services for 2025 Roadway Improvement Project
Vendor: Leon S. Avakian, Associates
Amount Not to Exceed: $60,000
Budget Line Item: Ordinance 2026-05
Description of Contract/Expenditure: Engineering services for 2026 Roadway Improvement Project

Vendor: Leon S. Avakian, Associates
Amount Not to Exceed: $90,000
Budget Line Item: Ordinance 2026-06
This certification is made in compliance with the Local Budget Law of the State of New Jersey, and no payment shall be made unless funds are available at the time of payment.

14. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

The meeting was open to the public.
Ms. Kelly Strazdas commented on the presentation which she found helpful, shared excitement for what is coming, and shared thanks for the CAP explanation.

Mayor McGreevy noted the workshop for the budget will be March 16 and the budget will be introduced April 13.

C/Renee shared hopes that everyone comes out ot the Town Hall meeting on March 26 at the Community Center at 6pm to discuss parks improvements.

15. CLOSED SESSION

There is no closed session for this portion of the meeting.

16. ADJOURN – 7:27 pm

Motion to adjourn by C/**Karalovich**; seconded by C/**Williams**
VOICE VOTE: AYE: C/Kocsis; C/Chong; C/Johnson; C/Karalovich, C/Renee; C/Williams

There will be a special meeting of the Governing Body on Monday, March 16 at 6:00 pm. The next meeting of the Governing Body will be held on Monday, March 23 at 6:00 pm.

Respectfully Submitted:
C. DiCorcia Williams RMC,
Borough Clerk

Exhibits are on file in the Borough Clerk's Office, according to the NJ State Records Retention Schedule established by NJSA 47:3-15 *et seq* and approved by the SRC.
Approval 03/23/2026